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# WHAT IS THE RECORD?

We think it will not be denied by anyone conversant with the war of organized wealth against the Western Federation of Miners that a clear understanding of the actual conspiracy by which the officers of that organization were secretly conveyed from the state in which they were residents, and incarcerated in a foreign bastile, cannot be obtained without going back of this latest incident in one of the most despicable and prolonged series of outrages ever committed against the people of a so-called free state.

What does the record show? That after the working people of the state of Colorado had, by a large majority, carried a proposition favorable to an eight-hour law, making it incumbent upon the state legislature to enact such a measure, the influence and money of the privileged and corporate bodies of the state were used with a venal legislature to defeat the will of the people, and the bribers were directly responsible for plunging Colorado into a wide-spread labor war, or war on the Western Federation of Miners, whose votes were in favor of the eight-hour law.

What is the record? A lawless mob, com-

What is the record? A lawless mob, composed of thugs and disreputable characters, bought with the money of the equally disreputable capitalist class; committed all sorts of crimes, subsequently charged against the miners, destroyed the co-operative stores of the miners and made life unendurable for their families.

What is the record? A servile capitalist henchman as governor of the state, with the aid of the military, tore men from their homes, broke, up their families, deported them at the muzzle of guns by the hundred, brutally beat them and threw them into loathesome bull-pens.

What is the record? Charles H. Moyer, without resort to law, and clearly in violation thereof, was confined for a year in one of Peabody'a bull-pens, under conditions most horrible, where he languished, and his health was nearly ruined, never being brought to trial on any charge for which he had thus been brutally maltreated.

### CRIMES OF CAPITALISM

The Brutal Reign of Western Corporations Under the Black Flag of Piracy, Aided by Thugs, Hired Assassins and Venal Public Authorities.

What is the record? The lawful and constitutional guarantees of "lite, liberty and the pursuit of happiness" were set at defiance; the right of habeas corpus was ruthlessly trampled under foot; murders and assassinations were charged to our comrades, and not in a single instance has a criminal act been proven against them.

What is the record? The ruffians and the state authorities who were thus in collusion to destroy the people's right to self-government and crush out of existence the miners' organization suppressed free speech and the right of public assembly; they left the people stripped of every safeguard against unbridled tyranny.

If such a condition of things could exist without protest, then indeed had fear taken possession of a people suffering these indignities and a debauched and ruthless plutocracy was triumphant. But the continued existence of the Western Federation of Miners was a standing protest against the outrages already committed. That organization was a menace to private interestato the robbers and ravagers of the state. What did Swain, of the Thiel detective agency, say to the grand jury at Caldwell: "Boyce is responsible for the existence of the Western Federation, and I want to tell you that Boyce is the man we have got to get before this thing is done with." Again he said: "I must tell you frankly, gentlemen, that we have fittle against St. John in this affair, nor have we anything on which to hold Steve Adams. Both men are agitators, however, and they, like Boyce, must

go before we can bust up the combination."

Another human bloodhound, said to have been employed in the Coeur d'Alenes for years by the Mine. Owners' Association, says: "St. John has given the mine owners of the district more trouble in the past year than any twenty men up there. If left undisturbed he would have the entire district organized in another year. As it is, there

organized in another year. As it is, there are hundreds of miners added to the union membership through his efforts."

They have little against St. John—nothing, in fact—but he is a successful organizer; he is an agitator; he is a faithful, fearless and intelligent worker for the working class; in another year he would have had the entire Coeur d'Alene district organized in the union; therefore, he is a dangerous man to the robbers who are plundering the state, and must "go" before the combination can be broken up and Colorado handed over to the secure possession of the enemies of the state and its people!

That reveals the odious intent of the freebooters who now seek the lives of the officers of the Western Federation.

Again, what is the record? Who heard of Detective McParland until the arrests of February 18th? Others of his lik were heard of during the years of hounding that was carried on prior to these arrests. They Infested the mining camps like beasts seeking their prey; they concosted plots to involve the miners. They had failed to get Moyer and Haywood to the gallows; they had failed to prove a single charge against them. Then comes McParland with his story of buried bombs, an "inner circle" and the procurement of a confession, followed by a report that he had no confession, but "these men will never leave Idaho alive."

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And McParland, who is he? A sleuthing who was instrumental in 1876 in hanging the "Molly Maguires," charged with murders which he himself participated in to the extent of issuing summons for a meeting at which murder was planned and subsequently enacted without his intervention. The "American Law Review," Vol. XI., 1876-77, page 233, has an article on the

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"Molly Maguire" trials, written from a standpoint catirely favorable to M. Parland. He went into Pennsylvania under the assumed name of James McKenna and caused sumed name of James McKenna and caused himself to be proposed for membership in the "Molly Maguires," saying that he had lately killed a man in Buffalo and was a fugitive from the hangman. His specialty was "shoving the queer." He became secretary of a division of the "Molly Maguires." At a meeting of the Shenandoah branch, McParland, as secretary issued the At a meeting of the Shenandoah branch, McParland, as secretary, issued the sum-mons sent out for a meeting to select the murderer of one of the marked men, and on murderer of one of the marked men, and on the 28th of June, 1873, the party wanted (his name was Thomas) was put out of the way. Some time after this rumors began to circulate that "McKenna" was a detective. At the trial it was held by the defense that McParland was an accomplice, and his evidence required corroboration; that he had more at heart the enhancement of his reputation as a detective than the furtherance of the ends of justice; that he had not prevented the crimes of which he had foreknowledge. He was charged directly by Mr. L'Volle, for the defense, with having "instigated the crimes," and Mr. Ryon, also for the defense, said that four of the men killed "are to be autobard encountered to the men killed "are to be autobard encountered." his victims." And Mr. Ryon added: "He (McParland) had rendered himself an ac-

complice equally liable with his fellows."

More than thirty years have elapsed since McParland planned and helped to execute McParland planned and helped to execute murder; he was successful then, and re-ceived the unstinted praise of those who em-ployed him. Now, since the corporation hy-enas of Colorado have repeatedly failed in their attempts fo "get" the officers of the Western Federation, probably owing to the inexperience of other sleuths in plotting and carrying out their nurderus designs, they carrying out their murderous designs, they earrying out their murderous designs, they appear to have recalled the "Molly Maguires" and the "effective" and "successful" manner in which they were disposed of. Who, then, was the detective in that case? Who the man who could successfully insti-

gate and promote murder, charge the crime to the Western Federation officials and bring them to the gallows and their organization to ruin? McParland. And McParland was assigned to the job.

All the trouble is traceable to the politics of Colorado as the procuring cause. In that venal legislature that, bribed by the corporate powers of the state, defeated the will of the people on the eight-hour law, were men representing the varied and clashing interests of the state, including "labor" representatives entirely incompetent because of their lack of understanding of working class interests. So long as the working class interests. So long as the working class interests so long as the conomic field, its politics will reflect its economic impotence, and the briber and bribed will continue to hold sway. Capitalists know this; hence they are fighting the spread of the principles of Industrial Unionism. An organization that capitalists oppose is one that the workers should investigate. ganization that capitalists oppose is one that the workers should investigate.

# SOMETHING ABOUT SCABS AND SCABBING

The howl of "scab" wenf up against the members and friends of the Industrial Workers of the World. Are we to be ashamed of it? I for one am not. Moreover, I shall welcome any other more "disgraceful" designation that the "labor leader" might be able to discover in his vocabulary or that he might perchange he cabulary, or that he might, perchance, be able to invent. We ought to smile just as pleasantly when the "labor leader" calls us scalls us "traitors." The word "scab" has lost its original meaning of assisting the capitalist employer to defeat his struggling employes; those who do that are now called "non-union men"; the "scab" now is no more he who in the interests of the capi-talist class combats the interests of his fellow workingmen, but he who in the inter-ests of his fellow workingmen combats the false labor leader. The former will not only be allowed to remain at work, but will be protected even more than the union man by the "labor leader" as well as by the employer, by means of the "sacred contract"; the latter will be expelled both from the "union" and the factory by the unholy agreement of "labor leader" and employer.

I read the "contract" made by the Ameri-York with its employers, and by the American Federation of Labor capmakers in New York with its employers, and by the American Federation of Labor garment workers in Baltimore, Md., with its employers. In each case the union man is put at the mercy of the capitalist and the each case the union man is put at the mercy of the capitalist, and the non-union man is declared perfectly immune as far as the union is concerned. In each case to the "mutual satisfaction" of both parties the employer is permitted to give preference to non-union men, especially strike-breakers, and in each case all the rights of the union men are waived. In each case, also, has that outrageous agreement been declared "a men are waived. In each case, also, has that outrageous agreement been declared "a glorious, unprecedented, etc., victory." Some capmakers in New York dared to say that the victory was on the part of the employers. Now those men are tramping the classical backing for a job. They were declared to the control of the contr streets looking for a job. They were de-clared outlaws by the self-convicted, lying officials of the capmakers' union, put under han, and the employer assisted them in try-ing to run into the ground the spirit of class solidarity among the awakening working

### By JOSEPH SCHLOSSBERG

The officers of the American Federation of Labor capmakers condemn to starvation proletarian families because their bread-winners are true to their class and join the ranks of the Industrial Workers; the Industrial Workers expel two men for scabbing against the American Federation of Labor capmakers. Who are the enemies of organized labor? Who are the scabs?

In Baltimore, the climax was capped by the leader of the strike, a gentleman sent from the general office in New York, receiving three silver loving cups from the three tailor locals, without the knowledge of the members. He demanded those "gifts" from the strike committee and managed to from the strike committee, and managed to

get then.

Those who broke the strikes are "non-union men"; those who struck, fought, and were betrayed by the leaders, are "scabs."

That is the situation to-day.

But the original meaning of "seab" has lost its force, even if applied to actual strike-breakers. Whenever a union raises its admission fee to such an extent as to make it impossible for workingmen to join it, it turns every craftsman outside of the union into a potential extent strike testing testing the second content of the strike testing testing the second content of the strike testing testi into a potential strike-breaker. If a work-ingman, however honest and noble, is deingman, however honest and noble, is de-nied the right to work in the factory with the union in it, he would naturally grasp the first opportunity to rush into the fac-tory as soon as the door is thrown open by the union going out or locked out. It is not faithlessness to his class that makes a strike-breaker of him, it is the lash of hunger wielded by the union itself. Who can conwielded by the union itself. Who can con-scientiously condemn the act of that man? Is he a scab?

A bakers' local in Brooklyn, N. Y., closed its books for eight or nine months, refusing its books for eight or nine months, refusing to admit members at any price. To the extent that the union controls the trade, the non-members are denied the right to support their families. Will anyone wonder if those people will rush to take the places made vacant by members of the union in case of a strike? Will anyone have the nerve to denounce them as scabs?

Scabbing or strike-breaking in most cases, far from being a disgrace upon the "culprit," is an indictment against the pure and simple union. Yet, owing to capitalist environment and the education the workingmen receive in the pure and simple union, there are many who act as strike-breakers deliberately and wilfully. Some of them will leave a good job in a union factory and become a scab just because there is a tempting opportunity held out to them by the employer. Those are blacklegs of the very worst and most contemptible kind. Still, worst and most contemptible kind. Still, there is no one guilty of any such crime who would find the doors of the union closed against him. One may have betrayed and ruined hundreds of workingmen's families, but if he takes some part of his Judasmoney and hands it over to the union's treasury as "fine," he is allowed to join or rejoin the ranks of "organized labor," and enjoys full equality with those he helped to victimize. The difference between the "traitor to organized labor" and "organized labor" itself is a few greenbacks, and as soon as those greenbacks pass from the former to the latter the difference is removed.

Simultaneously with the sending out of the infamous circular denouncing the Industrial Workers of the World men as scabs and strike-breakers, the American Fedscabs and strike-breakers, the American Federation of Labor capmakers' union reported in the local press that it admitted to membership two scabs who were fined \$50 each. Those two strike-breakers were admitted to full and complete equality with all other members of the union, who did not break strikes. Possibly those two strike-breakers will tomorrow become members of the general executive board, and, in the name of working-class solidarity, issue another slandering circular, again denouncing as scabs those victimized by their officials. The truth of the matter is that under pure and simpledom a workingman deserves very

and simpledom a workingman deserves very little credit for being a union man, and mighty little discredit for being a "scab,".

The Industrial Workers of the World will remove the greatest part of scabbery by removing pure and simpledom, and will remove the rest of it by abolishing capitalism and wage slavery. Hasten the day!

# MESSAGE 1

A few years ago the sage Elbert Hubbard wrote "A Message to Garcia." This message was not addressed to Garcia, the Cuban rebel, but to the American working people. Its wisdom, concentrated into one single sentence, culminated in the wonderful advice that a free man who sold himself to some employer at so much per day should be a willing and faithful slave.

The great dailing all over the land said it.

The great dailies all over the land said it the great dailies all over the land said it was the cleverest thing ever written by the sage Fra Elberta. And you must know that the good Fra never writes anything which is not clever. But this enslaving message to the free citizens of the Land of Equality was so clever that the men who buy the labor of their Christian and heathen brothers and where a law his buy the labor of their Christian and heathen brethren, and who are always lying awake thinking about ways to carry messages of good cheer to them, bought hundreds of thousands of extra copies of the "Message to Garcia," and gave it to the willing and faithful slaves for nothing. And the good Fra Elberta looked at his work and saw that it was good—for himself. And the benevolent employers also looked at their work and saw that it was a good investment. All of which proves that cleverness pays.

I don't know just what effect the munifi-

I don't know just what effect the munifi-cent liberality of the employers had on the recipients of free copies of this wonderful message. But I know that the socialist vote increased considerably in the following years, and so I am satisfied that all the clever people were not on the side of Fra Elberta and his employers. Why, I was re-liably informed that Fra Elberta himself had become a socialist soon after that. I don't know what he is now. But whatever he may be, you may rest assured that he is still as clever as ever.

The Hearst press, like Fra Elberta, is cleverness personified. It is always full of messages for the working class. In fact, it makes a specialty of such messages. It promakes a specialty of such messages. It pro-claims in trumpet tones that it has devoted its life to the uplifting of the common peo-ple to the sublime level of superiority on which the clever writers of its staff are soar-

Yes, soaring. For they do not need any solid ground for their feet, like common mortals. They live in the pure heights of exalted idealism. They speak to the working class as teachers who are not of its flesh and blood, but inspired by a noble and infinite compassion for the great herd that still cling to the material sod.

still cling to the material sod.

Although they are such perfect beings, those clever people often identify themselves with the working class, like politicians just before election, by referring to them and themselves as "we" working people. But occasionally they become so saturated with their superiority, and so vexed with the imperfectness of their chosen flock of working people that anger seizes them. And then they flash forth words of divine wrath.

Among this galaxy of clever superbeings none is cleverer than Ella Wheeler Wilcox. She has said many a good and brave thing.

She has said many a good and brave thing, which might have been written by a true poet of the revolution. Just like Fra Elberta, who likes to intoxicate himself with radical rhetoric as much as Sister Ella. And when he and she are drunk with the holy ghost they can say strong things. But Sister Ella is like Fra Elberta in this respect, that she atones occasionally for her radical sins by the rottenest and most reactionary

#### By ERNEST UNTERMAN

#### LABOR AND LEISURE

Before we ask for leisure let us learn
The sacredness of time—that holy trust
Confided for a season to our care.
Labor and Leisure make life beautiful
When well divided, and when Labor means
Deserved reward, and Leisure sweet repose,
Or happy explorations in the fair
Ascending paths of pleasure. When we grow
In health, in wisdom, and in happiness,
Through hours of freedom, then and then alone
We prove our right to clamor for more time.

But when the ginshop and the gambling den,
The dive, the public dance hall and the street
Send sodden creatures slowly back to toil
After the ending of a holiday
It makes a louder protest than the voice
Of tyrant Greed against the shortened hour
And lengthened wage of Labor. Look to it
That Leisure lifts you 'ere you ask for more.

sophistry which could grow on the idealized hotbed of the most devout believer in the divine right to buy the labor-power of free men, women and children, for the "advancement of civilization."

Fra Elberta's "Message to Garcia" has a twin sister in Sister Ella's "Labor and Leis-ure." I don't know why it just appeared at ure." I don't know why it just appeared at the time when the printers were striking for an eight-hour day. It may have been a mere coincidence. Inspirations of this kind are always due to some coincidence. Have you read this grand poem, you slaves of capitalism? If not, I forestall the liberality of your kind employer by supplying you with a copy of it (copyright, 1906, by the American-Journal-Examiner), it is entitled "Labor and Leisure."

Here you have a sound idealistic philosophy. Look to it that the plant in the arid desert grows from a stunted and colorless thing into a strong and beautiful garden flower before it asks for plenty of water and rich soil! Look to it that the children who never know anything from their cradle but filth, and toil, and misery grow into noble and god-like human beings without any eduand god-like minds beings without any cut-cation, care, abundant food and comfortable homes. Look to it, you lowly outcasts, that you may become as great and good as Sis-ter Ella, before she hurls another thunder-bolt at you which "the voice of tyrant Greed" will cheer to the echo like this one!

Perhaps Ella meant well, even if she did get the cart before the horse. But what of that? The working people get enough of that sort of advice without listening to some more of it from one who calls herself a socialist. And the capitalist, on reading this poem, will exclaim joyfully: "Capital! Just poem, will exclaim joyitily: Capital I just what I want. The more time my employes spend in idleness, the more they will dissipate their substance in riotous living. I must oppose the eight-hour movement for their own benefit!" And he will settle back must oppose the eight-nour movement to their own benefit! And he will settle back in his leather chair with the comfortable conviction that the great poet, writer, socia-list, and philanthropist, Ella Wheeler Wil-cox, in one of her inspired utterances, has given him her moral support.

But don't let that worry you, Ella. He would have done the same, even if you had not backed him up. Next time, when the boss inspires you, send a message to the employers, just for a change. It will relieve you and do them no harm.

And let me tell you that you can find

plenty of "sodden creatures" in gin shops gambling dens, dives, dance halls, and on the streets, without looking for them among the streets, without looking for them among the working class. Of course, we know that we have a good many of this sort among us, and we don't apologize for them. They're a bad lot. Whenever we strike for shorfer hours, the employers hire these "sodden creatures" as scabs, sluggers, special depu-ties, and so on, and President Elliot glori-tes, these these "They're fies them as heroes. There's a subject for another inspired poem, Ella. But why should that interfere with our struggle for improvement? You can find plenty of the same breed right close to you in the Press same breed right close to you in the Press-Club. You can see them making monkeys of themselves in the 'Wajdorf-Astoria, the grill rooms of the athletic clubs and assignation houses patronized by the four hundred and their hangers-on. You can admire them in the lobbies of Congress and even of the White House. You can find them at all fashionable resorts where the cream of select society "look to it that leisure lifts them," while you write verses that shall keep their slaves down.

Send a message to them, too. In the

Send a message to them, too. meantime I have a message for you. It may not reach you. Fra Elberta's message never reached Garcia, either. But it will reach some people, and there may be a few employers among them, perhaps even your boss, Ella.

And this is my message: The capitalist knows but one sacred ideal—the dollar. "The sacredness of time, that holy trust confided for a season to our care," represents for the capitalist so many dollars. Time is money. capitalist so many dollars. Time is money. Therefore every minute spent in leisure by the laboring man is a violation of the "sacredness of time" from the point of view of the capitalist. "If the laborer consumes his disposable time for himself, he robs the capitalist." So said Karl Marx long ago, and he knew the capitalist.

And we know him, too. So we are not asking for "the shortened hour and the lengthened wage." We are not asking the employers for anything. We are not even asking them for employment. We deny the right of the capitalists to monopolize the avenues of employment. We claim the right to employ corrective at any wares and hours.

avenues of employment. We claim the right to employ ourselves at any wages and hours that we may adopt by a majority vote. We are not organized to fritter away our strength and the "sacredness" of our time in petty trade union beggary. We are or-ganized to take what we can conquer and hold by our own power.

If we are strong enough to get the eight-hour day, we shall take it. If we are strong enough to get more, we shall take that. And whatever we get, we are going to use in any way that we see fit, without asking either your pardon or that of the employers. Some day, we shall be strong enough to take the whole world. We shall take it and arrange our work and our leisure according to our sweet will.

to our sweet will.

Carry the message to Ella, boys, that we don't care a snap about the messages of the inspired scribblers of the parasites. We can do our own exhorting and uplifting. And we can lift others, too, perhaps even such superior beings as Fra Elberta and Ella.

In an hotel in Montana there is a sign that reads: "Boarders taken by the day, week or month. Those who do not pay promptly will be taken by the neck."

# THE FARMER AND HIS HIRED HAND

Land is a social necessity; land owners a superfluity. That land is used to exploit the working class more and more is an undeniable fact. Antiquated farming still exists and along with small businesses is receiving the same crushing blow from capitalism; but as the small farms and farmers give way they are superseded by large bonanza farms and capitalist landowners.

they are superseded by large bonanza farms and capitalist landowners.

The class struggle is said to be between the propertied class and the propertyless. The farmer derives his income and his ideas from the property he possesses, and his ideas from the property he possesses, and his idealogy is invariably to obtain more property. Farming is a business, for the farmer must count on the cost of production, which often includes his own labor, wear and tear of machinery and the selling price of his products; hence, his desire for cheap labor and high market prices. The cost of production depends upon the wages paid for labor and the improvement of machinery used, as wheat can be produced less than half as cheap on the bonanza farms as on small farms; hence, as in manufacturing, mining, etc., the one producing the cheapest receives the largest amount of surplus value.

At present there are two classes of farmers, the satisfied and prosperous farmers, who have large tracts of land, and the dissatisfied and restless farmers. The "one thing needful" to successful farming is more land; consequently, one sees the selling of high-priced land to capitalist syndicates and migration farther westward, where whole sections of land can be bought for the price of a quarter-section of Eastern land. To find a farmer satisfied with a quarter-section of land, which is considered sufficient by "Uncle Sam" for a homestead, is as difficult as to find a capitalist that would be satisfied with a hand coffee-mill. One also sees large crowds of "Eastern" land buvers buying up thousands of acres of land for various purposes, and soon even if a man manages to retain his "homestead" it will be as uscless to him as a grist-mill in the shadow of a great flouring mill.

A large number of farms are mortgaged—the small farms—but it is a noticeable fact that where one man loses 160 acres some other member of society gets it. Land speculators go into a community and buy huge tracts of mortgaged land, or buy it as soon as the mortgage is foreclosed. The individual who loses his land often saves enough out, of it to buy a truck patch, which he can work himself with fimited and primitive tools, or starts a chicken ranch. Because of this fact, it has given rise to the erroneous idea that the farms of the future are to be small farms. These small truck farms are the last effort of the crowded-out farmer and other lesser bourgeoisie to keep from falling into the ranks of the wage-working proletariat. Farming of necessity must be very large or very small. That the large farmers' or landowners' interest is capitalistic is not very hard to discover, and that he will always, as a class, work to the interest of his class—the capitalist class—while the small farmers' interest will not become clear' (to himself) until he has been deprived of his property and become a proletarian, for at present as long as they can hold on to a piece of land it is through their property interests that they expect to be resuscitated.

It is true one sees on the farms as heartrending conditions as is to be seen in the cities among the crowded proletariat. They

### By ETHEL E. CARPENTER

The farmer of today exploits his wife and children, especially the latter, as one can see at any time on the farms, children kept out of school to pick cotton, plow with a riding plow, mow hay, and various other kinds of work beyond their years and strength to perform, deforming their bodies, crippling them for life, aye, even killing them by compelling them to use machinery they are not competent to handle.

have fresh air outside the houses—as farm houses are generally miserable affairs and unsanitary—but their bodies are poorly nourished, as it is a fact that many of the farmers convert every saleable produce into money, keeping for their own consumption that which cannot be sold. It is true that often the farmers' so-called wages do not exceed 50 cents a day of sixteen hours, eight hours before dinner and eight after; that they could study astronomy both night and morning if they had the time, as they "do up" the chores; that it would be hard to find an engineer that would get up early enough to whistle them out.

It is true that the small farmer is being ground down to an existence below that of the wage workers; also that he cannot set the price on his wheat, corn, oats, eggs, etc; that the mortgage holder squeezes him, the "trusts" dig him and the landlord sometimes ejects him, if the land happens to be rented; that the local merchant skins him, causing him to send off to some mail-order house or ome co-operative concern for his goods, which is all true, but arises from his property relationship to society, and along with all middle-class men, capitalism is giving him the worst of it. Improvement of machinery is forcing the economic evolution of farming, as well as along other lines, though it is the last source of wealth to give away to capitalism. Capitalist production has been carried on on the farms for some time, but it has not been recognized as such by farmers or our economists. The farmers' largest saleable product depends upon the wage-working class to save it. Every year large numbers of men are in demand during harvest; thousands of men are called loudly for by the farmers. The question is. Where do all these men come from? Do men at the mere call of the farmers drop their jobs and run to their assistance? It is from the ranks of the unemployed proletariat the farmers get their "hands" at the various busy seasons of the year, thus the "unemployed problem" deviates to the farmer's advantage.

If those who teach that the farmers' interest and the wage workers' are the same would go into the agricultural districts during harvest, or into the sugar-beet country, to "hire out" from \$1 to \$2.25 a day, to work from daylight until dark, and be looked over in the same manner as when the farmer goes to buy a mule, it would commence to dawn upon the intellect: Are their interests the same? and doesn't a little surplus value go into the farmer's overalls pocket? though he is a hard-worked being for the benefit of the "trusts." As long as the wage worker has to produce profits for someone, what does it matter to him/whether it's the individual, a corporation for even "Uncle Sam" that gets the surplus?

The thinning, weeding and the marketing of beets, gathering of cantaloupes, harvesting and threshing wheat, pulling broom-corn, plowing and gathering corn, picking hops and spud-picking, sheep shearing, etc., all depends upon wage labor to perform, and this work is done by the traveling proletariat, otherwise known as the "hobo." These "hoboes" ride the rods into these farming communities to help the farmer "save his crops." He then becomes known as a "harvest hand," until he passes on into the beet country, to be known as "beet pickers," or to become "spud pickers" or "cantaloupe pickers," etc. Free train rides that the "hoboes" help themselves to enable them to save thousands of dollars in car fare alone, obeying the biblical injunction of the capitalist class to save their money.

ist class to save their money.

The farmer is glad enough to hire the "hobo" when his crops need tending, but in the meantime greatly dislikes to give him a "hand-out" from his back door, and admonishes him to go to work, or puts him on the woodpile sawing wood half a day for a slice of bacon, an egg, bread and some warmed-over coffee.

As in other industries, as the machinery develops and becomes more complicated and expensive, it takes larger and larger capital to handle it; consequently the failure of the small farmer to keep up with the economic progress. And as he is deprived of his property, through lack of means to run it on the gigantic scale that capitalism demands, he will be forced into the ranks of the propertyless, riding the rods, seeking the jobs he best knows how to do.

The farmer of today exploits his wife and children, especially the latter, as one can see at any time on the farms, children kept out of school to pick cotton, plow with a ridingplow, mow hay and various other kinds of work beyond their years and strength to perform, deforming their bodies, crippling them for life, aye, even killing them, by compelling them to use machinery they are not competent to handle.

Farm life leaves much to be desired, even under the most favorable circumstances, and the chances are that when capitalism fully, develops, the farmer or landowner using the land strictly for exploitation purposes will not find it necessary to have his home and means of exploitation at the same place, but live in the center of activity. Large portions of desirable land will be and are reserved as summer resorts and hunting preserves for the idle members of the capitalist class.

The tendency of capitalism is to develop on a large scale, and the evolution of farming is developing in harmony with all other industries. It is a signal fact that organizations among the farmers have been failures, or at least far-from total successes. It was never possible to organize to any advantage (to themselves) the small business men scattered thickly over the country, but as soon as they emerge into large mail-order houses and co-operative concerns, doing the largest part of the business of the country, it is the most easy and natural thing in the world for them to combine. When the farms merge, into fewer hands "co-operation" among them will be found easy. The farmer in his scattered and isolated position cannot organize as the working class can, because he lacks the incentives and feelings of fellewship the working class has, forced to work together

in industrial centers. The farmer as he exists today is the most impotent factor in

During harvest it is easy to see the class lines drawn, and if anyone doubts that the farmer makes as good a slave driver as exists under capitalism, get a job next summer in the harvest field. The farmer is not in-herently bad; he is no better nor worse than any other class in society that is compelled to hire wage labor and get as much out of it as possible for his money. The farmer rec-ognizes no "rights to be lazy," consequently is a hard task master; working hard himself, expects that much more from the one he exploits.

Until the advent of the Industrial Workers of the World the position of the farmer had not been made plain; they are horrified when they are told they cannot join the new "union" because they are employers of labor. They had always considered themselves "workers" pure and simple, and as strictly belonging to the working class. Capitalism has stolen upon them unawares, while they were still living the idealogy of their primitive ancestors, who worked with primitive tools; they were still the real workers—the salt of the earth-and to be thus rudely awakened to the fact that they were not what they had considered themselves is rather startling. Being property holders, employers of labor, puts them out of the ranks of the propertyless wage worker. The farmer's misery is a misery of property.

This vast traveling army of proletariats that the farmers yearly employ should be organized into the Industrial Workers of the World, even though the farmers say they can never afford to pay higher wages or shorten the sixteen-hour day. If they cannot afford to pay the wage workers decent wages to do their back-breaking work, let them get out of business and let those run the farms that can pay the workingmen decent wages, and join the wage workers and oklahoma City, O. T.

#### Who Owns the Railroads

A recent number of Railroad Men has an article under the above caption. It starts off with the statement that the railroads of America are truly of, and by, and for, the people. It then proceeds to show the num-ber of stock and bondholders who OWN these properties.

Before going further into this question of ownership, let us first see what the words "own" and "ownership" mean.

Webster says the meaning of "own" is

to hold as property; to have a legal or rightful title to; to be the proprietor of possessor of." Of "ownership" the same authority says, "the state of being an owner; the right to own; exclusive; right of possession; legal or just claim or title; proprietorship." With these definitions before us let its proceed.

We will first quote the beginning of the second paragraph in the article.

"If the ownership of industries was determined by the distribution of their gross earnings, the holders of railway securities would be in partnership with 1,312,537 railway employes, who not only are the most numerous class interested in the prosperity of the railtoads, but divide by far the largest portion of their earnings among them.

The following are some of the other state-ments found in the article:

That an inquiry made a year ago showed that the total number of persons owning railroad stocks and bonds was about 800,000.

### YOUR BEST

#### BY EUGENE V. DEBS.

Now is the time, as never before in our lives, to stand and pull together, and do our very best. As organized industrial workers we have pledged ourselves to the revolution, and we could not, if we would, turn back.

To build up the Industrial Workers, to make it strong in numbers and in mental and moral fiber, is the duty of each member, and not one worthy the name will shirk it.

The enemy and all his allies are against us; and while some are openly fighting us, others are secretly plotting our downfall. But we will outwit and outstrip them all, and sooner or later put them all to flight and take possession of the field.

Close up the ranks, comrades, and stand

solid as a granite wall!

The revolution is our battle-cry, and its spirit flashes from the eye and pulses in the blood of each proletarian patriot.

The monstrous attack from ambush upon Moyer, Haywood and their comrades was and is an assault upon the Industrial Work-

We must unite from coast to coast to repel it. Up with the blood-red colors of the

revolutionary proletariat!

Beat the forward marches all along the line, the marches to Camp Victory!

No sluggish blood must clog the Indus-trial Workers; every drop of it must pulse with action.

Comrades, the hour is striking! Do your best! Again, do your best!

Let no one dare charge that you are a

mere camp-follower.

There is work to do, and there will be fighting to do, and there is no telling what else there may be to do and you have the royal privilege of sharing in it all. Strike with all your strength every blow

your brain and body can muster to-

Build up your Local Union! Build up your Industrial Department! Build up the General Organization!

Secure new members! Secure new subscribers for "The Industrial Worker"!

Educate the rank and file!

Promote class-consciousness and classsolidarity!

Allow no day, no hour, to pass without doing your duty.

The battle is on, and the victory will be

with the Industrial Workers of the World.

That the interstate commerce commission, in response to a Senate resolution on the subject of railroad stock and bond holders, showed that for the year ending June 30, 1904, there were 327,851 such stockholders.

That no less than 79 per cent of the stock of one of the large railway companies—a trust company—appeared on the books in the name of one man.

That these stock and bond holders (700,-000 to 800,000) divided \$444,067,795 among them, while the 1,312,537 employes received \$775,321,415 as their share of the earnings

That the question of the regulation of railway rates comes home with especial force to two millions railway employes and investors in railway securities, whose in-comes would be reduced by any legislation which injured the railway business.

And that this army of two million represents, with the persons dependent upon them for support, at least one eighth of the population of the United States.

It is more particularly to the above quoted paragraph and to the earnings paid to the employes that we call attention.

The idea that the vast army of railroad employes are stock or bond holders in any of these companies is out of the question. There may be some, but they are few. Neither do the companies look on their employes as "partners" at all. They are as so many cogs in the great machine; when one breaks, it is thrown away, and another is put in its place. Neither do their "earnings come in the shape of rents paid in, interest or dividends. Their "earnings" are the earn-ings of bone and muscle, of sweat and hunger. If the employes are partners and do own stock in the companies, why do so many of them hate the work after being at it for some time, and wish to get as far away from the road as possible? Why are so many others ousted with hardly a moment's warning, or subjected to various severe and humiliating forms or discipline?

When \$775,321,415 are divided equally among 1,312,537 employes, the "share" for the year's labor would be about \$590.70. Now, as there are many employes who get twelve and fifteen hundred dollars a y and more, what must be the wage of the lowest paid class of labor? For its partnership in the company, what are the "dividends"? Out of this \$590.70 each man has to pay for rent, board, clothes, doctor's bills, and interest. If anything is left after a luxury or two have been enjoyed, he then has something that he can call "net earnings."

On the other hand, the 800,000 stockholders have divided among them \$444,067,795. Here each man would get about a \$555.08 check. This check represents "net earnings"; nothing else. It is "clear velvet." The stockholder need not turn his hand over at all during the year if he so chooses. If each of his employes can live on \$590.70 for the year, why can he not live on \$55.08? In many cases all the real work the real stockholder does in return for the dividend received is to sign his name. On the other hand, the employe has had to devote his whole life and energy for a year for a "nest profit" of \$.00.

If the reports of the interstate commerce commission are to be relied on there were but 327,851 stockholders among whom was divided the \$444,067,795. In this case each stockholder got \$1,354.48 and the one man who held 79 per cent would receive over \$133,000 for his share. Compare the "divi-dends" paid each of the 327,851 stockholders recorded by the commission, and that of the one big stockholder, with the dividend paid in wages to each employe for the same

#### Against Death Benefits

Local Union, No. 17, Clicinnati, forwards the following protest against the adoption of the proposed death benefit by the Metal and Machinery Department:

Department:

As the Industrial Workers of the World is supposed to be a revolutionary body for the purpose of organizing the workers to prepare them to take and hold the machinery of production and distribution, it seems to us unwise, to say the least to take up such matters as the resolution proposes; for such things, all experience shows, have an ever-increasing tendency to draw the attention of the workers from a revolutionary purpose, a danger ever to be guarded against. For those who desire to go into such benefits there are enough organizations in existence, such as mutual aids and benevolent societies. Our idea is to ever keep in mind and center our work on the main purpose of the preamble.

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## GENERAL MOVEMENT

### The Chicago Protest Meeting.

The Chicago Protest Meeting.

As soon as the report of the brutal outrage in Colorado and Idaho was received, February 19th, the Industrial Workers' headquarters in Chicago became a scene of great activity in preparations for arousing the working class in this city and the country at large to the necessity of organizing for the defense. On the 20th of February the now famous proclamation, "Shall Our Brothers Be Murdered?" was sent out to the number of 30,000 and within a week it appeared in nearly all the true working-class publications of the country, creating a tremendous Impression and bringing immediate response and offers of assistance to this office. This was followed a few days later by the formal appeal for funds, accompanied with lists, and instantaneously the contributions began to come in.

In the local field a committee of three representing the Industrial Workers of the World was chosen to invite the co-operation of all working-class organizations in a joint, united protest against the capitalist conspiracy. The one organization to refuse co-operation was the Socialist Party, which had a small, independent meeting on the same day. The refusal came from the executive committee of the party. The reasons, such as they are, for this failure of the Socialist Party to co-operate, are given in a statement appearing elsewhere in this paper. The great protest meeting of Chicago's working class was held Sunday afternoon, March 4th, at Apollo Hall, the large auditorium being packed to the doors and all available space occupied. Some of the contemptible capitalist papers had for days in advance tried to make it appear that the meeting was a revival of anarchism, and during the entire meeting twenty policemen were in the hall "to preserve order" and prevent another "Haymarket affair." This show of force was entirely uncalled for and a source of amusement to those present.

The pspakers were Lillian M. Forberg, Morris Siskind, M. Drescher, Oscar Neebe, Wm. E. Trautmann and A. M. Simons, A. S. Edwards, chosen

cialist Party branches.

The speakers were Lillian M. Forberg, Morris Siskind, M. Drescher, Oscar Neebe, Wm. E. Trautmann and A. M. Simons. A. S. Edwards, chosen by the joint committee, was chairman. It was probably the announcement of Oscar Neebe as one of the speakers that centered upon the meeting the attention of the police. But Neebe had as much right to be heard on the contemplated murders in Idaho as any man in Chicago. He has never been proven guilty of a crime and the fact that there is some public sentiment against him, manufactured by the lying reports of capitalist newspapers and the interests they represent, should not seal his lips when right and truth and justice are nailed upon the cross of capitalism by organized criminal anarchists of the Colorado type who seek to crush a working-class organization that may be buillied, but cannot be bribed.

All the speeches were direct and emphatic in

All the speeches were direct and emphatic in denunciation of the authorities of Colorado and Idaho and their hired detectives, as well as the power of incorporated wealth which is behind them both.

The resolution adopted was brief and to the point;

The resolution adopted was brief and to the point; it reads as follows:

"As working men and working women of Chicago, in mass meeting assembled, we denounce the nurderous conspiracy of the Mine Owners' Associations backed by the sordid Standard Oil corporation, against our brothers of the Western Federation of Miners. We see in this plot but one step in an attempt to crush all revolutionary organization of the working class. We call upon the laborers throughout the country to rise up in protest with all the forces at their command to prevent the murder of our brothers. To their support and in support of the cause of the revolutionary movement we pledge our moral and financial aid at once and every other assistance within our power that may be required to prevent the earrying out of this murderous plot.

When Chairman Edwards made an appeal for the defense fund-there was enacted one of the most remarkable scenes ever witnessed in a working-class preeting. Amid the greatest enthusiasm, our poor in; twice the collectors passed through the audience with boxes, into which everybody in the large audience seemed to drop a contribution, twice the chairman called for donations of one dollar up and, each time the response was generous. When the money was counted and

the result, \$203.05, amounced the audience cheered again and again. A subsequent recount showed the amount to be \$215.75. Since the meeting the same organizations having charge of it have been instrumental in raising some \$800 additional.

The meeting having accomplished its purpose, undeterred by the clamor of capitalist newspapers or the show of police intimidation, rose as one man and gave three soul-stirring cheers for the social revolution.

#### THE REFERENDUM VOTE

Result of Vote on Proposition of Postponement of Convention of Industrial Workers of the World to June 27th, 1906.

The light vote herewith reported on the referendum is doubtless explained by the fact that the activity of the locals in holding protest meetings and raising money for the defense fund which has absorbed most of the attention of the membership, interfered with regular meetings, and thus reduced the total far below what it would otherwise have been. Acting-Secretary Kirwan, of the Western Federation of Miners, assigns this as the reason in the Mining Department:

the reason in the Mining Department:	
	Against
Western Federation of Miners2076	183
Metal Department—	
Buffalo Local No. 43 11	
Schenectady Local No. 40 59	
Schenectady Local No. 32 120	
Schenectady Local No. 26 210	1
Schenectady Local No. 31 32	-
Schenectady Local No. 42 19	
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Chicago Local No. 6 17	1
Chicago Local No. 23 29	1
Chicago Local No. 7 29	
Maywood Local No. 11	
Pullman Local No. 8 8	
Cincinnati Local No. 17 15	
St. Louis Local No. 16 16	
St. Louis Local No. 9 31	
New York Local No. 25 30	
New York Local No. 35 26	
Brooklyn Local No. 38 50	-5
Newark, N. J., Local No. 24 21	3
Cleveland Local No. 33 12	
Denver Local No. 3 34	
Newport News Local No. 30 20	
Braddock Local No. 41 14	
Denver Local No. 15	nimous
Denver Local No. 13	mous
Musical Department134	

T	ransporta	ation	Departn	nent-			
l'ot:	al vote					123	
L	ocals—	For	Agains	ıt	V		Agains
No.	245	19		No.	204	8	
No.	243	29.		No.	130	21	1
No.	39	14.		No.	195	11	
No.	104	10		No.	2	57	. 8
No.	64	12		No.	83	56	
No.	215	20		No.	206	10	
No.	198	21		No.	139	10	
No.	6	17		No.	109	12	
No.	92	9		No.	211	10	. 1
No.	- 98	21	. 1	No.	158	6	- 1
No.	12	34		No.	110	12	
No.	44	26		No.	250	40	
No.	244	14.	~1	No.	231	15	
No.	240	14		No.	222	17	
No.	181	10		No.	182	11	
No.	160	25		No.	171	20	
No.	185	11		No.	488	26	
No.	178	39		No.	125	25	
No.	251	15		No.	234	20	
	201	-		No.	205	. 8	
No.	89:	58	3	No.	67	21	
No.	239	22		No.	194	10	
No.	160	66		No.	219	15	
No.	228	16		No.	38	15	
No.	9	15		No.	242	- 8	
No.	.85	11		No.		8	
No.	237	12	1	No.			
No.	212	165		No.			
No.	93	30		No.			
No.	8	13		No.	229		
NO.	55,	10		No	50		
No.		23		No.	86		
NO.	214			No.	166		
No.	226	12		No	37		
No.			To a	No			
No.	27	13	1	No.			
Ŋo.	200	34	2				
No.	186	30	1	No.	200		
NO.	185	1.1		No.	238	. 22	

	For	Again	et		Pot	Against
No. 193	. 54		No.	184	36	
No. 155		3	No.	141	10	
No. 150				176	44	10
No. 224	. 9			20	6	
No. 159	. 23			236	13	. 5
No. 35	. 19			153	11	
No. 76			No.	213	19	
No. 7			No.	140		1
No. 168			No.	95	27	
No. 99		1		221	13	
No. 115				208	11	
No. 97	. 11			173	63	A
-No. 248		1	No.	175	8	
No. 216			No.	173	9	
No. 88			No.	59		
No. 174			No.	56	23	1 14
Members a	t large					10
For						5368
Against .						248

Total vote ......5616

#### NEW CHARTERS ISSUED

NEW CHARTERS ISSUED

The organizing record for the month ending March 20th, shows the same uninterrupted addition to the roster of the Industrial Workers of the World, that we were able to report in previous issues of "The Industrial Worker." The new local unions chartered from February 20 to March 20, with the location of each, are given below:

Building Employes' Industrial Union, Salt Lake City, Utah; Hotel and Restaurant Employes' Industrial Union, Buffalo, N. Y.; Denison Industrial Wine, Buffalo, N. Y.; Denison Industrial Mixed Union, Denisón, Texas; Industrial Workers' Mixed Local, Bridgeport, Conn.; Muskogee Industrial Mixed Union, Muskogee, I. T.; Women's Labor Auxiliary Union, Muskogee, I. T.; Shoe Workers' Industrial Union, Cincinnati, Ohio; Houston Industrial Mixed Union, Houston, Texas; Excavators' Industrial Union, Phoenix, Ariz; Bakersfield Industrial Union, Bakersfield, Col.; Kendall Industrial Union, Roman, Conn.; Phoenix Industrial Union, Roman, Conn.; Phoenix Industrial Union, Roman, Conn.; Phoenix Industrial Union, Roman, Industrial Union, Santa, Idaho; Cloak Makers' Industrial Union, Santa, Idaho; Cloak Makers' Industrial Union, Santa, Industrial Union, Cloak Makers' Industrial Union, Santa, Idaho; Cloak Makers' Industrial Union, Santa, Idaho; Cloak Makers' Industrial Union, Proceeding Periodes Industrial Union, Romangers' Industrial Union, Romangers' Industrial Union, Proceeding Periodes Industrial Union, Rostoria, Ohio; Irving Park Machinists' Local, Irving Park Chicago, Ill.; Metal Workers' Local, Mitwaukee, Wis; Packers' and Shippers' Local, Schenectady, N. Y.; Greater Boston Scandinavian Machinists' Local, Boston, Total newbor of local organizations chartered

Boston Scandinavian statements Florar, Boston Scandinavian statements from the month—30. Total number of local organizations chartered since July, 1905—363.

#### The Italian Propaganda

The Italian Propaganda

We are pleased to announce that the Italian Socialist Federation of Greater New York has decided to issue on the 1st of May a special publication in the form of an eight-page paper. It will contain articles of real propaganda value on socialism in general and Industrial Unionism in particular. From what we have learned of the purposes of the federation, we are duite sure that the publication will be of more than ordinary merit and well calculated to greatly assist in an understanding of socialism and Industrial Unionism among Italian workmen. We therefore urge agitation committees and organizers to see that it has a wide circulation. Anyone wishing for further information may address, Raimondo Fazio, Secretary, 79 McDougal street, New York City.

Local No. 218, of Philadelphia, passed resolutions condemning the kidnaping of Moyer and Haywood, and issued a call for a joint conference to arrange for protest meetings.

A joint protest meeting at Huntington, Ark., Including the Industrial Workers of the World, Socialist Party and United Mine Workers of America, was held March 7th, when 904.30 was raised for the defense fund. D. A. Reed, of the Industrial Workers of the World; Dan Hogan, stale secretary Social Party, and Wm. Denny, John J. Beggs and Edgar Brandon; of the United Mine Workers, were the

#### Information for Knockers

Were I in a position to wish and be served I can not conceive of desiring more genuine pleasure than it gives me to be able to inform the faithful that our sumbering old city of Schenectady recently, awakened to behold a mental revolution of the working class predominating, and to the astonishment of the many the vale is yet in the valley and the Mohawk still rolls on as serenely as ever without even intimating its intention to balk.

This revolution is the happy result of the unceasing propagation of the principles of the only scientific economic organization of the working class in America to-day, the Industrial Workers of the World, by our consistent class-conscious brothers who have attained a higher plane of manhood than permits being swayed by personal enmity, prejudice or pecuniary motives.

The Industrial Workers of the World is the dom-

or pecuniary motives.

The Industrial Workers of the World is the dominant economic organization of the working class in our city today. We have thirteen aggressive local unions, with a total of fifteen hundred and fifty members all working as a unit. We have a thoroughly equipped Industrial Council that maintains an elegant headquarters, with two halls and a reading-room fronting the most prominent business street of our city, at an expense of a thousand dollars a year.

Of the thirteen local unions that we have at the

city, at an expense of a thousand dollars a year.

Of the thirteen local unions that we have at the present time, eight of them held charters from international unions chartered by the American Federation of Labor previous to their affiliation with our organizations, two of them held charters from the Metal Polishers, Buffers and Platers, three from the International Association of Machinists, two from the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, and one from the International Brotherhood of Painters and Decorators. These eight unions have a total membership of eight hundred and sixty-four; the other five are newly organized and have a total membership of six hundred and eighty-nine; two of these are machinists' locals, one in the electrical industry and one in the locomotive industry. Those two locals have a total membership of four hundred and twenty; the majority of these also dropped the International Association of Machinists for the Industrial Workers of the World.

The transition still continues, and the only symp-

dustrial Workers of the World.

The transition still continues, and the only symptoms of perturbation now discerned is in the capitalist camp and a few small camps of our antediuvian minded brothers of the working class who yet believe that our interests and the interests of those in the capitalist camp are identical; that is, they be lieve that the more they prosper in the capitalist camp froces us to accept a reduction in wages in order to add more to their own bulky bank accounts it also adds more to our bank accounts, or, to be still more distinct, they yet believe in American Federation of Labor economics.

During the earlier part of our campaign we had

to be still more distinct, they yet believe in American Federation of Labor conomics.

During the earlier part of our campaign we had numerous humorous encounters with the elite of the American Federation of Labor, who swooped down upon our city from Washington and other places by the score, with the deliberate intention of smothering the baby to death in its cradle. We made them carn their money in this burg if they never earned it before, and they were mighty glad to skidoo to more congenial quarters. The last we heard of them was their reports in their respective journals, which of course were amensing to us Schenectadians who know the truth. Jocky Keegan, fifth vice-president of International Association of Machinists, and General Organizer Stuart Reid, of the American Federation of Labor, had the most sensational conglomeration of falsities. I cannot better describe them than did my wife when she read Stuart Reid's report in the March "American Federationist." She threw the book across the table to me and said, "My, what a mass of deliberate lies!"

The outrage against Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone has aroused a mighty bitter feeling in our city; men grind their teeth and curse that never were awakened before.

CHARLES W. MOONAN.

Schenectady, N. Y. CHARLES W. MOONAN.

### Vicissitudes of a "Fly Mug"

Some there are who are patiently waiting for the complete story as it's been told by Orchard, and edited by the noted and renowned destroyer of the "Molly Maguires." Especially since the workings of the "inner circle" of the Western Federation of Miners have kept the "Fly Mugs" and "Gum Shoe" artists in the dark these many years, and then only could the sleuths understand the violent nature-off Moyer, Haywood, et. al., when a confession was made to Orchard. The members of that "inner circle" are "terrible men," and McParland, along with the peace-knying, labor-deccing members of the Citizens' Alliance deserve great praise for dangling a rope under the noses of the leaders of the Western

Federation of Miners who are languishing in the confines of an Idaho bastile. It's not a question of how they got to Idaho. The question is, Can these mea successfully refute the Christian story, told because again loves his Jesus, by Orchard? Don't think they can convince any fair-minded men that. Orehard, rompted by McParland, could lie, especially since he learned his Christian duties at his mother's knee when two years old.

But before Orchard's confession is made public property I deem it my duty to bead him off and explain a number of things that the Mining Department of the Industrial Workers of the World officers are responsible for.

For some years potato raising has had a boom in Colorado. It was discovered that bigger and more luscious potatoes could be grown in and around Greeley, Colorado, than in Ireland. Now, the farmers need extra help when the "spuds" are harvested, and hundreds of hobos rush toward the spud country to pick up some "easy money," for all a man has to do is pick up the potatoes and place them in a basket, then dump them in a sack or sorting machine. Though your back gets sore, and the constant stooping condition of your body is dangerous to a pesson's health, nevertheless the out-of-work hobo, needing the money, gravitates toward Greeley to get a possible job. All would-be "spud glommers" coming from the South, or even "beet toppers," or those who are looking for work in the sugar-beet factories at Greeley, Windsor or Eaton, generally come over the Union Pacific Railroad. There is a junction about fifty miles north of Denver called La Salle. There are about fourteen houses near this junction and one little store. The steady touring of hobos prompted the villagers to elect a marshal. Among the other duties of this marshal was to keep the hobos moving. The bravest and leading citizen of La Salle was elected marshal. It chances that this distinction fell on a man by the name of Gregory. This make is a brother to the "fly ming" who "worked up" a case against the Western Federation of

"Yas, sah; we'll go as soon as we eat these yare spuds."
"You'll go now," and with that Mr. Gregory makes a kick at the can in which the spuds were cooking. Barely had Mr. Gregory's foot reached the can when he was grabbed by one of these hungry negroes and thrown, then the three negroes, taking him for a water tank or shed, started to carve their monograms on the body of this "bull." They cut him up fearfully, and then yamoosed. The alarm was sounded by some of the men who work in the coal chute, and Mr. Gregory, in an unconscious state, was taken to a doctor and then to a hospital. The reporters from Denver, upon hearing that a Gregory was nearly killed, wrote up columns of good copy on the Western Federation of Miners, claiming that Gregory was a marked man, marked by the "inner-circle," and the negroes were hired by the "inner-circle," and the

Later, when the negroes were saught and taken to Greeley, they pleaded guilty, and now perhaps it will be proved to us that the Moyer and Haywood outlief hired these negroes.

As to another thing, perhaps the notorious Jeff Carr, of Cheyeone, Wyoming, the famous fly mug, whose special delight is to connect his club with the head of a hobo, can step forth and growe that the "inner circle" of the Western Federation of Miners

is responsible for the trying ordeal he went through. One day, looking for a hobo to clob, he was going through the yards, so the story goes, and it just chanced that some hobos saw him cossing. Knowing that it was no use to run, they just tried to keep as quiet as possible. Now it was not enough to go through the yards. Mr. Carr had to poke his head into the empties, and when he came to the car in which our friends were, he just poked his head in, when lo, one of the men quickly pushed the side door to, catching Jeff Carr's head in the car. He started to squeal like a stuck pig, and then the hobos took certain liberties with Mr. Carr's face, and after punching it good, they left him with his head in the car, they escaping through an end door. Perhaps the "inner circle" of the Western Federation of Miners can explain this; if not, why not?

Lots of things will be straightened out as a result of the present situation, It's no use getting loud. Just let us prepare to act, and act intelligently. Let our enemies get frantic if they want to, but let us keep cool and spread the program of Industrial Unionism. It's not Moyer nor Haywood that are being attacked, but the industrial unionists. Put the wage slave next and he will be with us.

#### A Human Bloodhound

Some thirty years ago McParland made his first appearance in Pennsylvania under the assumed name of McKenna. A New York paper states the object of his mission thus: "He joined the Pinkerton force in 1872. When arrangements were made with that agency by F. B. Gowan, on behalf of the Pennsylvania & Reading Coal Co., to undermine the 'Molby Maguires,' McParland was selected as the operator." In this way he was launched upon his career of inciter. In the course of time McParland worked his way into the miners' union. A man of his moral makeup would have no hesitation in luring thoughtless young men into the commission of acts of violence. If the truth was known, it would be revealed that he, by his incitements, was morally, if not legally, guilty of the crimes for the detection of which he received blood money.

money.

He participated in the leading of a mob against the West Shenandoah Colliery, where the secretary of the "Mollies" (McParland) was in danger of being shot down by his own people (Pinkertons), some of whom he knew and the commander of whom knew him. Here we have Pinkerton's agent acting in the open. It is reasonable to suppose that long before he undertook to lead that mob he was engaged in egging on his dupes in order that he might have a chance to betray them. Six of his victims were hanged in Pottsville, four at Mauch Chunk and one ir the Luzerne County prison yard.

#### THE KNIGHTS AND THE KING

THE KNIGHTS AND, THE KINU

The knights rode up with gifts for the King and one was a jeweled sword,
And one was a suit of golden mail,
And one was a golden Word.
He buckled the shining armor on,
And he girt the sword at his side;
But he flung at his feet the golden Word,
And he trampled it in his pride.
The armor is pierced with many spears,
And the sword is breaking in twain;
But the Word hath risen in storm and fire,
To vanquish and to reign.

—William Watson.

#### A Reign of Freedom

A Reign of Freedom

O Freedom, we thank thee from the fullness of grateful hearts. Thou art pure and incorruptible. Thou lockest down with pity and compassion on the children of toil, bent with their burdens and weary with oppression. Thou bloddest them to join hands and hearts, shake off their cruel fetters—and rise to thy realms of peace and joy. We thank thee, above all, for thy supreme sense of justice in withholding thy stores from their masters and rulers, and rejecting with righteous scorn all special pleas for thy great boon, rebuting thus the soulless few who would, to free-themselves, see all their brethren perish in slavery. We hear thy cheering voice and understand thy revolutionary mission. Thou art to us the noblest of ideals; and when trials and vexations multiply and clouds hang low, we find in thee unceasing solace and unfailing strength and in thee unceasing solace and unfailing strength and in the dignity, then wilt thou come to earth to ablid with the children of mean in the Reight of Freedom forevermore—EUGENE V. DEBS, in "The Culturist."



WORKERS OF THE WORLD, ORGANIZED AT CHICAGO, ILL., JUNE, 1908

BLICATION OFFICE, 203-205 WASHINGTON ST., JOLIET, ILL.

President CHAS, O. SHERMAN



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JOLIET, APRIL, 1906.

#### Awaiting the Trial

It is hardly necessary for "The Industrial Worker" to follow the conspiracy against the Western Federation of Miners in all its the Western Federation of Miners in all its details, since there is little to report before the actual trial begins, and this has now been set for May 15th, and such minor developments as are taking place find their way into the daily and weekly press. However, we are able to say that this journal will be represented at the trial by Bro. Frank Bohn, to whom credentials have been issued. The Industrial Workers of the World will be governed in its publication of reports from Brother Bohn by the exigencies of the case as the trial proceeds. case as the trial proceeds.

case as the trial proceeds.

In the habeas corpus proceedings, Judge Beatty, of the Federal district court, denied the applications and refused to inquire into methods pursued in taking the prisoners into Idaho from Colorado, even refusing to admit that their presence in Idaho was brought about through unlawful methods. Exceptions were taken to the court's rule. Exceptions were taken to the court's rulings, and ten days' time was given to prepare a bill of exceptions to the Supreme Court of the United States.

Vincent St. John had a preliminary hear-ing at Telluride March 21st, and two able attorneys from Denver were assigned to

look after his interests.

St. John was held for trial without bail. The charge against him is conspiracy to murder. Application was subsequently made in the district court for bail and denied. During the preliminary hearing it was shown that St. John had personally in-tervened to protect non-union miners from abusive treatment at the Smuggler mine

abusive treatment at the Smuggler mine.

After the habeas corpus proceedings above referred to, the prisoners were ordered confined in separate cells, that is, to solitary confinement. Moyer's health shad somewhat improved after his removal to Caldwell, so the authorities sent him back to the cold cell, where he had a severe attack of asthma. He is now confined in a cell

where the sun never shines. Dr. C. D. Spivak, of Denver, says: "To place Moyer in solitary confinement, in a cell where he gets no sunshine, is practically to sentence him to death." In the meantime, the authorities to death." In the meantime, the authorities of Idaho are making loud protestations that the prisoners are being fairly treated and made as "comfortable as possible." There is no doubt, however, that there is a determination, if it can be done, to break down the health of the conspirators' victims, and in the case of Moyer they appear to be succeeding. It is one forest hope that all of ceeding. It is our fervent hope that all of our comrades may be buoyed up and sus-tained by the moral support and strength of their increasing legion of friends, who hold them in highest regard as the innocent vic-tims of a horde of venal and murderous scoundrels.

#### Gooding Discredited

The Chicago "Record-Herald" agrees with Governor Gooding, of Idaho, that the men under arrest, and now confined in various prisons of that state, are guilty of murder. prisons of that state, are guirty of murder. Gooding first said it; he said it as governor of the state; that is, it was given out as an official condemnation of these men before they were brought to trial. He, as governor of the state, pre-indged the case and pronounced the men guilty of murder in spite of the fact that the law assumes a man spite of the fact that the law assumes a man to be innocent until he has been proven guilty. And because this governor, who is evidently totally unfit for the position he occupies, publicly discussed the case in ad-vance of the trial and publicly declared them guilty, the Chicago "Record-Herald," just like a thousand other capitalist dailies in the country, parted the sandalous conin the country, parroted the scandalous con-clusion, and, like a thousand other news-papers of its kind, does everything in its power to make a fair trial impossible and

send our innocent comrades to the gallows. Soon after this governor delivered his verdict he invited a committee of labor men from Butte to come and see him, and give him an opportunity to convince them that he was right, and that, therefore, the legal procedure was superfluous and a trial unnecessary.

One of the results of the trial should be to put this man Gooding where he properly belongs. He should be relegated to an odious private life and never more be heard from as a public official. He is thoroughly discredited, and so is every capitalist news-paper that has enlisted in the conspiracy to take the lives of Comrade Moyer and his associates in the toils of a gang of capitalist anarchists.

#### Editor Clark's Substitute

A copy of President Sherman's reply to A copy of President Sherman's reply to the capmakers' union's circular, attacking the Industrial Workers of the World, was sent to "The Railway Conductor," Cedar Rapids, Iowa, of which E. E. Clark is editor, because the scarpious document had been given in full in that publication. We have been favored with a reply, signed by C. D. Kellogg, associate editor. And such a reply as it is I Read it:

"Your letter to Mr. E. E. Clark, editor "The Railway Conductor, has been referred to me for answer by him, as I prepared the matter in question for publication.

publication.
"Owing to the fact that I had never seen, nor even known, of the existence of The Industrial Worker, I fail to see how I could give our readers an opportunity to read your side of the contro-

Thank you, Mr. Kellogg. Your obtuse-

ness in framing up an excuse to let the capmakers' falsehoods go unanswered is equal
to your conception of the functions of an
honorable editor. By the way, Mr. Kellogs,
we wonder if you are aware of the existence
of a gum-shoe campaign by E. E. Clark,
your grand chief and Civic Federationist,
to get himself appointed a member of the
Interstate Commerce Commission at seven
thousand plunks a year and expenses? You
probably think, as the grand chief does, that
the is eminently qualified as a corporation
pleader for the position. Such arduous service
as he has rendered attending corporation banquets to make "labor" speeches is
entitled to reward. His appointment by
Roosevelt will be a splendid recognition of
the working class, won't it, Mr. Kellogg?
Well, we will put your letter in a frame,

Well, we will put your letter in a frame, Mr. Kellogg, so that honest men-can laugh

### The "Social-Democratic Herald"

Readers of "The Industrial Worker" will Readers of "The Industrial Worker" will recall the publication in our February issue of a statement by President Chas. O. Sherman relative to the "Capmakers' incident," and the attack of certain officials of the capmakers' union upon the Industrial Workers of the World. That statement was conclusive proof to all fair-minded men of the ers of the World. That statement was conclusive proof to all fair-minded men of the untrue and venomous character of the charges made against this organization. It demonstrated the absolute faisity of these charges, and has brought out no other response from Edlin, Zuckermann & Go. except that, replying to President Sherman's challenge to meet them in debate before the rank and file, they say that they are prepared for a debate "in Yiddish."

The attack upon us by the capmakers' of-The attack upon us by the capmakers' officials was seized upon eagerly by the "Social-Democratic Herald" of Milwaukee, and printed in full in that paper. It was a "knock" for the Industrial Workers of the World, and for that reason commended itself at once to the editors, who have descended to the low level of publishing a paper "purposely for the propaganda" of slander. Any lie concerning the Industrial Workers of the World or the men connected with it has been sure of prompt reproduc-Workers of the World or the men connected with it has been sure of prompt reproduction in its columns. When the slanderous circular of the capmakers' union reached them, the editors, without the slightest attempt to verify the false and ridiculous charges, spread the edifying jargon before their readers.

In the hope that for "honor in the move-ment" the "Herald" would give its readers an opportunity to see our reply, it was mailed, with a letter, to Editor Heath. So far, at least seven weeks intervening, our statement has not appeared, no reference has been made to it, and Heath has not venhas been made to it, and reath has not veit tured to put himself on record, even to the extent of acknowledging our letter. We must, therefore, conclude that Heath and Berger, conscious of having contributed to a low, contemptible attack upon the Indus-trial Workers of the World, feared to print our refutation because of the possible effect it might have with the rank and file in Milit might have with the rank and hie in Mil-waukee in placing them where they be-longed as traducers of a working-class movement opposed to the Belmontized American Federation of Labor, The exclu-sion of President Sherman's statement, dishonorable as it is, is not the only evidence of the "Herald's" frantic desire to keep the of the Heraid's frantic desire to keep the workers in Milwaukee ignorant of the In-dustrial Workers of the World. It has per-sistently and grossly misrepresented the or-ganization. No falsehood invented to dis-

credit us has been too mean and dirty for admission to it columns.

To convince our readers that this is not said without regard to truth, that we are not trying to make out a case against the "Herald" regardless of facts, attention is directed to the following paragraph which appeared in the issue of that paper for March 17th;

An attempt of the Industrial Workers of the World fanatics to make an anarchist affair out of a proposed Moyer-Haywood indignation meeting in Chicago, with Lucy Parsons and other Industrial Workers of the World luminaries prominent, was frustrated by the Social-Democrats (sic), who took the work of arranging the meeting into their own hands. The meeting was entirely creditable and a big success. The socialists who spoke were Stedman, Simons, Breckon and others.

That brief paragraph contains just five unqualified falsehoods. It is not true that the Industrial Workers of the World sought to make an anarchist affair out of their meeting; it is not true that Mrs. Lucy Parsons participated in the meeting; it is not true that the really "big" and "creditable" meeting was frustrated by the "Social Democrats"(!); it is not true, as the "Herald" leads its readers to believe, that the Industrial Workers of the World and other working-class organizations associated failed to ing-class organizations associated failed to hold a meeting because the "Social Demo-crats" (1) "took the work of arranging into their own hands"; it is not true that Simons was one of the socialists who spoke at the meeting the "Herald" reports.

The report is an impudent and ludicrous farce, a paragraph packed with lies and recking with spleen. Five lies in ten lines outdoes the Chicago "Chronicle" in its bald misstatements of the Industrial Workers of the World. And the "Herald" is edited by students of socialist ethics! The "Chronicle" ignorantly calls us "Reds." The "Herald" maliciously parrots the accusation. And the "Herald" is a "socialist" paper!

The same issue of the "Herald" that con veyed the scurvy untruths referred to had the report of a recent referencem vote in the Socialist Party on a proposed convention this year. The proposition was defeated. Commenting on the result the "Herald" says it is "certainly very gratifying," and for what reason, no man who does not see this unscrupulous "socialist" paper, could this unscrupulous "socialist" paper could imagine. The reason given is that "The Industrial Workers of the World-Social Labor Party Deleo-Debist conspirators get a turn-down!" We will cut out our criticisms of intellectual prostitution in the service of of intellectual prostitution in the service of capitalist papers after that! It is enough to suffuse the cheek of every honest socialist in Milwaukee with shame. The man who wrote it is not a socialist. He is a literary scullion. The editor of this journal speaks from personal knowledge when he says that neither the Industrial Workers of the World nor the Socialist Labor Party had the slightest connection with the proposition for a convention of the Socialist Party this year. That move was originated last fall in the local headquarters of the Socialist Party men. The Industrial Workers of the World has never even had any interest in World has never even had any interest in the matter, one way or another; whether the convention was held or not never concerned the Industrial Workers of the World. Yet the "Herald" says "the Deleo-Debist con-spirators got a turn-down!" "Conspirators!" That sounds well, doesn't it, coming from a "socialist" paper that supports a "socialist" candidate for mayor, who, in his public speeches, tells the people that "we socialists do not propose to disturb business interests, or do anything that will damage the rights of property holders!"

Again the stab at Debs is more contemptible than any attacks ever made upon him by a capitalist paper or any non-capitalist paper anywhere. Although they might differ with Debs in his advocacy of a new economic organization, common decency would have suggested to these ingrates of the "Herald" to refrain from maligning him. "Herald" to refrain from maligning him. Debs has done more than any other one man to make the "Herald"; he has contribthe movement in Milwaukee—to the point where the "Social-Democratic" candidate for mayor has the nerve to say in a public meeting, "Why should I want to destroy the business interests and prosperity of the city, when I am a property holder myself?" -a climax in compromise for votes for which no one will attempt to hold Debs rewhich no one will attempt to hold Debs responsible. Debs was never known to make an abject plea for votes. That sort of thing in the socialist movement originated in Milwaukee. That the rank and file of that city endorse it we refuse to believe.

Furthermore, the "Herald," bent on demonstrating that there is no depth of journalistic informs to which it will not deceased.

nalistic infamy to which it will not descend, prints news items of Debs' socialist meetings and cuts his name out of the reports. prints articles from his pen, without attaching his name, and credits them to "ex-change." Thus the "Social-Democratic change." Thus the "Social-Democratic Herald" runs the gamut of journalistic in-famy, and does it in the name of socialism, the higher ethics and the "coming civiliza-

We shall use all the means at our disposal to acquaint the rank and file in Milwaukee with the truth, which Berger and Heath have suppressed, and with the falsehoods which they have printed to deceive the "Herald" readers, and we predict that Milwaukee will be heard from for Industrial Unionism before the summer is ended.

When Johann Most died at Cincinnati, March tree passed away one of the most restless and courageous of men in the social and revolutionary turmoil of his generation; a man of strong convictions, with never a thought of compromise, but always displaying a firm adherence to his views against all sorts of odds, and in spite of frequent imprisonment. He suffered much injustice as a young man and this naturally embittered him and was reflected in all his career afterwards. But Most had admirable traits and was by no means the man he was popularly supposed to be, owing to the misrepresentations that were constantly made of him. He was undaunted by opposition of a kind that few could withstand, and those who vigorously combatted his theories were frequently his warmest admirers. When Johann Most died at Cincinnati, March

Berger writes in the "Social-Democratic Herald" on the momentous question, "Who is Afraid of the Social-Democratic Victory in Milwaukee?" and he answers it himself by saying that neither workingmen nor small business men are afraid, and that big business men "have no reason to be"—because long after the downfall of capitalism there will be remarks of it remaining; therefore, nobody ought to be afraid.

This issue contains a large number of resolutions adopted by organizations on the Colorad-Idaho conspiracy, but only a portion of those received. We have found it impossible to print all, but without exception they are unanimous in denouncing the crime and pledging moral and financial support to the defense.

We ask all who receive sample copies of this journal to make each copy do the best service possible in disseminating a knowledge of the paper existence and the principles it stands for among their friends. When the paper has been read by you hand it out to someone else, and don't forget to send in your subscription.

It has been found impracticable to tabulate the donations of individuals and organizations, to the defense fund as that it gold be printed in this number of "The Industrial Worker." The May number will contain the complete life

#### MESSAGES FROM THE VICTIMS

The "Appeal to Reason" prints the following personal note to the editor from George H. Shoaf. It is quoted here because we believe our readers should know exactly how a man and a friend who is on the ground feels regarding the situation:

"These men are not going to get even a show for their lives. Attorney Richardson nearly as much as admitted that to me to-day. He is worried over the actions of the prosecution. Gooding, Smith and the attorneys act as though they didn't care what the people thought. Of course, Richardson will be a feed by the Acet library in asset of conappeal to the Appellate Court in case of conviction, but what good will it do? The people are all right, but, damn it, the people are not the government. It looks to me like we might as well get ready to celebrate the might as well get ready to celebrate the martyrdom of Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone. If, during the trial, people get too clamorous, militia will be called in. Gooding said as much last night. I had a final were separated, and the quotations below are the substance of what they said."

The quotations referred to are given be-

FROM WM. D. HAYWOOD.

"If it requires my life's blood to give impetus to the cause of socialism, I am ready and willing that it be shed. They may murder me by law, but there are a thousand Haywoods and Moyers in the Western Federation of Miners to take our places and push the work. The boys know I am innocent, my wife knows I am innocent, do knows I am innocent of the terrible charge, and that is enough. Please tell my wife to be brave; I will be with her soon."

#### FROM CHARLES H. MOYER.

"They can't make me suffer any more than I have already suffered. They can hound me all they want to, they can persecute me by day and by night, they can torture me till I die, but they can never say that Charlie Moyer renounced his principles or went back on the Western Federation of Miners."

#### FROM GEORGE A. PETTIBONE.

FROM GEORGE A. PETTIBONE.

"Since they have dragged me into this trumpedup conspiracy charge I am willing to stay in jail
a year, if necessary, until the truth is known. It
is needless to declare my innocence. My family
and my friends know that I am innocent of the infamous charge of conspiring to murder ex-Governor Steunenberg. I had nothing against him;
why should I seek to take his life? Neither do I
believe that Moyer nor Haywood had anything to
do with the assassination. If they hang me they
will hang an innocent man."

#### How They Missed Their Fun

Two American Federation of Labor business agents, while walking on the street the other day, suddenly spied an Industrial Worker of the World man.

"Here comes one of them Industrial Workers," said one to the other; "he has been fired from the works for agitating. Let's have some fun with bim."

So they approached the Industrial Worker of the World man, who happened to be an Irishman.

"Hello, looking for work?" inquired one of the business agents.

"Hello, looking for work?" inquired one of the business agents.
"Yes," replied the Industrialist, at the same time noticing that both of them wore large diamonds in their white shirt fronts, and thinking they were wealthy employers.
"But you're an Industrial Unionist, ain't you?" asked the other business agent.
"Shure, Oi am that."
"Well, now, you people are pretty good at figgers; how many people are there here?"
At first this question puzzled the Industrial Worker of the World man, but quick as a flash he guessed the identity of the two men.
"Begorra, there's 100," he replied.
"How do you make that out?"
"Shure, I'm the 1 and ye are the two 00,"

The first act of the Shoe Workers' local of Newark, N. J., after joining the Industrial Workers of the World was to start a subscription list for the Moyer-Haywood defense fund. A very short editorial in our February issue, under the caption, "Has No Political Tests," in which we took the ground that the Industrial Workers of the World imposes no political test for membership, and which position we still maintain, has called out an unnecessarily long communication, which our readers will find in the correspondence column, from Brother Stromquist. It is not now our intention to nake any extended reply. The essential difference between the editor and Brother Stromquist is that he is contending for the Socialist Labor Party as the political reflex of the Industrial Workers of the World, while the editor contends that the Industrial Workers of the World is the economic basis for a true political working-class movement; that out of the economic unganization being sound in its fundamentals will bring into existence the political working-class organization being sound in its fundamentals will bring into that will be equally sound and effective in its methods. Not when the Industrial Workers of the World is only nine months young can it be said to have found its political reflex in any party extant; that is something that is in the generative stage. The economic organization being perfect in all its parts, there will spring from it, in due time, the united political movement. The work that lies nearest our hands is the building up of the healthy economic organization. With that assured, the rest is easy.

Compers is huffed. Gompers is humiliated. Whereas he had expected to meet with the deferential consideration due the president of the Belmontized Federation of Labor and vice-president of the Civic Venders of Labor Narcotics, his esteemed friend, the President, has ruthlessly turned down every proposition of the American Federation of Labor, and bhuntly told the executive council at the head of which Gompers shines respleident, that so far as he is concerned the producers of the country will get exactly the same treatment as the robbers. Whereat Gompers and his galaxy of brilliant "labor leaders" slunk away, sorely disappointed and aggrieved. A day or two afterwards, having partially recovered from the shock, Gompers and his "cahinet" gave it out that unless-they get what they want "they will go into polities!" Dreadful thought! As if any of them had ever been out of politics. The probable net result will be a new lot of labor "leaders" sacrificing themselves on the altar of patriotism by accepting democratic nominations for all sorts of political jobs. Incidentally, it may be remarked, Roosevelt once more showed that he is not as big a man as Lincoln.

"Labor," a paper published in St. Louis, and a strong supporter of capitalist trades unionism, is growing hysterical over the growth of the Industrial Workers of the World. One of its editors is making the utterly ridiculous statement that the Industrial Workers of the World has less than 10,000 members, and says he can prove it. With the "Social-Democratic Herald" declaring we have nothing and "Labor" giving us 10,000, we are wondering what the malicious fabricators won't do next.

With the announcement that the miners and mine cowners had failed to come to an agreement, and the strike thus made inevitable, the railroads began to seize coal in transit. Confiscation was immediately resorted to and the organized robbers, who cry out against any sort of interference with their property rights, ignored the property rights of others, as is their custom, by appropriating the coal found in transit on their own lines.

. . .

The "Clarion-Advocate" of Denver, says the "present menace to unionism is the Industrial Workers of the World." It wants to preserve a unionism that separates one set of workers from another; in other words, it wants the workers organized against themselves. To such unionism the Industrial Workers of the World is, of course, a present menace. Standing for unity of the workers in the economic field, it is a growing menace, and the "Clarion-Advocate" seems to be aware of it.

The executive council of the American Federation of Labor having made the "discovery" that the party in power "is antagonistic to the interests of labor," will now proceed to dicker with another party that they think is not in power—the party led by Gorman of Maryland and Aldrich of Rhode Island.

Bro. S. Bassett writes from Georgia that he has been expelled from Local 532, International Association of Machinists, for being a member of the Industrial Workers of the World. He has notified his former associates that he considers it an honor to belong to a real working-class organization and will continue his work for Industrial Unionism.

### PRESS COMMENT ON CONSPIRACY

Another of those outrages upon the forms of law and the rights supposed to be guaranteed to every American citizen was perpetrated upon the officials of the Western Federation of Miners by the authorities of Colorado and Idaho. If those authorities had sufficient grounds to justify the arrest of Messrs. Haywood, Moyer and Pettibone, there is an orderly and legal process for their arrest and indictment. This was not done. They were virtually kidnaped from Colorado, and deprived of their legal rights and subjected to outrageous treatment.

The Journal does not hesitate to say that, innocent or guilty, these men will be convicted. It believes them innocent, but belief will not suffice against suborned and perjured testimony.

#### The Cleveland "Citizen."

We may be accused of using extravagant language, of being extremely partisan, in considering the Western crisis in the class struggle. But any fair-minded citizen has but to refer to the volumes of historical facts that have been published in recent years regarding the colossal land steals, the transcontinental railway robberies, the silver and copper wars, and scores of other stock jobberies and graft games that have resulted in enriching a few hundred individuals and beggaring great masses of working people. And in this generation or two of exploitation every crime in the calendar has been committed by those who have profited most.

tion or two of exploitation every crime in the calendar has been committed by those who have profited most.

There is only one power in the West that menaces the march of conquest of the embridled plutocracy, and that power is organized labor. Hence, the trades unions must be crushed, no matter what the means or cost. Having been defeated in lockouts and strikes, the plutocrats and their unions are now resorting to more surreptitious and devilish methods. On the witness stand admissions have been wrung from the hirelings of the mine-owners upon more than one occasion that they themselves had committed crimes for the purpose of foisting them upon union men. Plots and traps have been exposed upon numerous occasions, and "confessions" that have been proclaimed to the world by the literary prostitutes in the employ of the nulnocrats as being in existence have always melted like the traditional snowball in hell when subjected to the penetrating rays of truth.

#### "Union Sentinel," Reading, Pa.

"Union Sentinet," Reading, Pa.

In the case of the most ordinary criminals the governor is in duty bound to spend some time in investigation. But Moyer and Haywood are not ordinary criminals. They have committed the unpardonable crime of organizing and leading a labor union which the capitalists can't humbug, whose leaders they can't buy, and which up to the present time they have not been able to lick.

The capitalists evidently imagine that Moyer and Haywood are the Western Federation, and that if they can get them out of the road they have the union disrupted; but in this they are mistaken. Good men and true they are, but the Western Federation is bigger than they, and though they do hang them, the Western Federation will yet live and stay at the forefront of the union labor forces of the world.

#### Oakland (Cal.) Branch, 5. P.

Comrades and Fellow Workers: Once more the capitalist class has shown its contempt and anarchistic disregard for its own constitutional law and vaunted principles of "fair play" and a "Square deal" in the class war taking place in this country, by committine an act of brigandage unequaled in the history of any country outside of Russia.

The abduction of the president and secretary of the Western Federation of Miners by the hirelings and henchmen of capitalism was an act unnecessary and unwarranted; were these men simply wanted as conspirators and accessories to an act of murder? Such being the case, there can be no right and just interpretation of such actions other than that the organization which these men represent is a menace to the further and complete exploitation of labor by the capitalist class and as such must be exterminated at any cost and by any means. any means.

Therefore, be it resolved, By Branch Oakland of the Socialist Party, that we condemn such

#### "The Liberator," Chicago

"The Uberstor," Chicago.

The conspiracy entered into by the Mine Owners' Association of the states of Colorado and Idaho, acting through their tools, the governors of the above-named states in kidnaping Charles and spiriting them out of the state of Colorado when the shadows of night had fallen, when no one might witness the conspiracy save the armed conspirators, savors so much of deeds of "dark ages," long, long gone by, that one in reading in this twentieth century is forced to tap one's self, so to speak, to make sure that they are not dreaming! What, pray, in the face of such an infamy becomes of the boasted rights of American citizens under its constitution? If such an outrage had been perpetrated in a foreign country the American mavy would have been set in motion, and diplomatic relations would have been "strained"; "Teddy" would be talking loudly about the "rights" of American citizens. But how different all this is when the rights of the American citizen are ruthlessly set aside by the cars of his own country, if he happens to be-

#### "Appeal to Reason."

"Appeal to Reason."

With all the legal machinery in their hands, backed by judges, courts, governors, legislators and county and city officials, the mine owners were unable to convict a single member of the Western Federation of any crime, nor make good in the slightest degree any of the charges which they trumped up against these men of Colorado, who are fighting your battles, and my battles, and the battles of every man who works with hands or brain for wares in this land!

And now comes the climax to the long train of legalized crime. Men as innocent as you of this crime are torn from their families in the dead hour of night and spirited away, without the preliminary hearing which the law guarantees every man, to another state—a state whose officers are even more abjectly under the control of the corporations than Colorado. Perjured witnesses are ready to swear away the lives of these men, whose only crime is that they are at the head of a great industrial movement which aims to give the working class liberty and freedom!

#### "Braer Zeitung," Cincinnati.

The whole affair, the charges, the gathering of evidence, the caliber and character of the so-called witnesses reminds one strongly of the Chicago judicial crime of 1880-87. No doubt the capitalist class is looking for another wholesale

#### "The Labor World," Duluth,

"The Labor World," Duluth.

No more damnable consuiracy of concentrated wealth was ever hatched than the last three years of desperate determination on the part of millionaire capitalists exploiters of Colorado to break up the Western Federation of Miners and for what motive? The answer is "profit." William Haywood, the secretary-treasurer of the Western Federation, has met them step by step, and with all odds in their favor, he has checkmated their every move. They revite, they despise, they hate him and yet they fear him. There is no step, no resort, too devilish or criminal they would not take to get rid of him forever, and this, their latest move, is merely part of a preconceived plan to that end.

#### "Common Sense," Los Angeles.

"Common Sense," Los Angeles.

Those who have followed the history of the labor war in Colorado and know of the dastardly plots the capitalists have carried out by the use of hirelings thugs and then laid at the door of the outraged miners, feel certain enough that even with free use of Pinkerton detectives and other hired perjurers the mine owners and Citizens' Alliance will have a hard case to prove against men of such proved worth and honor as Moyer, Haywood and their associates.

If the capitalists convict them of this murder without giving them a fair trial, they will pull down an avalanche about their neads that will hid fair to throw this country into an armod revolution. They had best first pause and consider,

#### "The Montana News."

The industrial union is a class-conscious organization of the workers to obtain full possession of the industries and emancipate themselves from capitalism.

This, then, is the secret of the plot to destroy the Industrial Workers by destroying the Federation of Miners, which is the backbone of that organization.

The conduct of those who has the prisoners in charge is evidence of the lawless nature of the legal assassins. The prisoners are kept in solitary confinement, and, according to a press dispatch of February 28th, the accused are allowed to write only one letter a day, which is censured by the warden, and when Moyer asked permission to write one business letter and one to his wife it was denied him. He was compelled to choose between them.

choose between them.

Fred Muller, attorney for Orchard, was not allowed to consult his client. No reason was given for the refusal, but it was believed that Orchard might be induced to retract his confession.

#### California State Committee, S. P.

California State Committee, S. P.

Will Moyer, and Haywood be convicted and hanged? The choitalists are capable of doing so, if they dare. And they will dare to if the workingmen of this country do not register such emphatic protest as will deter the brutal hirelings of the law from doing the bidding of their masters. Such things have been done before. In Chicago, twenty years ago, innocent men were convicted and hanged. Others were sentenced to the penitentiary. Years afterward, the governor of Illinois pardoned those still in prison, and in reviewing the case pointed out the most flagrant abuse of power by the judge and jury. The perversion of justice was open and positive. It was clearly shown that the men were "legally" murdered and imprisoned. At least two of the jurymen have since died in insane asylums, hounded to lunacy and death by their pursuing consciences for voting innocent men to death.

What happened then will happen now if it is not prevented by organized protest. We therefore call upon all workingmen, through whatever organization they belong to, at once to serve notice upon the capitalist class that this thing shall not be done.

#### "Labor News," Colorado Springs, Col.

"Labor News," Colorado Springs, Col.

It is not a question of the personality of Moyer and Haywood. It is one that affects the life and liberty of every citizen of Colorado who refuses to become the serf of the corporations. Let us say to them as a body that if they continue to defy all the laws of the land we will be compelled to resort to the law of self-preservation. And in the event of their failing to heed the warning, on their heads be the consequences. Their tyranny has about reached the limit of human endurance. The manhood of this state is on trial before the country. Let no one who lives his kind shirk his duty. There is work for all, and utiless all work to defeat these murderous conspirators, Russia will be a paradise compared to Colorado.

The following resolutions were adopted at a mass meeting of workingmen and citizens, held in the hall of Industrial Union No. 182, of Colorado City, the members of the Colorado Springs local of the Industrial Workers of the World also participating. The hall was crowded with those desirous of giving expression to their indignation, but several members of the Citizens' Alliance managed to edge their way in, including three spotters of the Mine Owners' Association, one of them being adorned with a huge gun. The names of many were taken by these "gentlemen" (7) for the benefit of their masters, but no one seemed to be alarmed by that. Addresses were delivered by Contrades Woodside, Schlessinger and Darrah. A collection was taken up, and subscription papers are being circulated, the result of which will be to add a substantial sum to the defense fund of the comrades marked for martryrdom.

to the defense fund of the comrades marked for martyrdom.

Whereas, We recognize that an irrepressible conflict rages between the capitalist class and the working class, its path at all times strewn with tragedies such as Russia has witnessed of late; such as the Paris Commune witnessed in 1871; such as Chicago witnessed in 1887; such as Crienle Creek experienced only a year ago kand, Whereas, We recognize that this struggle has been contested most hercely for the past six teen years by the miners, organized against mine owners, in the Rocky Mountain states, where the employers have persecuted without any sense of restraint their war of extermination against orrestraint war or extermination against

to crush the rising revolutionary spirit of the miners; and,

Whereas, Frank Steunenberg, ex-governor of Idaho, has been assassinated by the explosion of a bomb on December 30, 1905; and,

Whereas, News now comes portending judicial murder; the mine owners' and other capitalistic organizations, in their complete control of the state governments throughout the Rocky Mountain region, without attempt at justice, without compliance with law, but hoping now and by this means to crush the Western Federation of Miners and the Industrial Workers of the World, threaten to hold the miners' union responsible for the assassination of Steunenberg, and threaten to hang Charles H. Moyer, William D. Haywood, G. E. Pettibone, and as many more as are necessary to intimidate the working class and to destroy their organizations; and,

Whereas, It is known to all men that these parties were not fugitives from justice, yet, nevertheless, they were arrested and officially kidnaped from this state by night, during the absence of the governor, and while courts were closed, and while the exercise of the right of hearing was impossible, and unbeknown to their families and closest friends; and,

Whereas, By the swift, stealthy and unlawful methods, the state officers co-operating, and with the murderous determination we know to be behind the Mine Owners' Association, the Citizens' Alliance and other' capitalistic organizations, we are warned, the capitalist press of the entire country having already begun to prepare the public mind for the judicial crime; therefore, be it.

Resolved, That we, the laboring men of Colorado City and Colorado Springs, in mass meeting assembled, pledge all our power to prevent the culmination of this rime. We call upon workingmen to contribute financially to the fullest extent of their ability to a fund for the defense of these persecuted men, and to use every opportunity to awake their fellow-workers to this heinous outrage against the laboring class and humanity, contemplated by the capitalists of the West.

German Engineers' Union-110, Industrial Workers of the World, New York City, adopted the following resolutions unanimously:
Whereas, The organized Western mine owners, including the Standard Oil Co., caused the illegal arrest through their tools, the governors of the states of Idaho and Colorado, of the officers of the Western Federation of Miners—Charles Moyer, William D. Haywood and G. A. Pettibone—and are intent upon taking these men to the gollows; and

states of Idaho and Colorado, of the otheers of the Western Federation of Miners—Charles Moyer, William D. Haywood and G. A. Pettibone—and are intent upon taking these men to the gollows; and Whereas, There is against Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone only the fabricated testimony of police creatures, and the only real cause of their persecution is the sturdiness of their labor leadership; and Whereas, All the measures taken against Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone have for their purpose only the destruction of the Western Federation of Miners; therefore, be it.

Resolved, That we, the members of the German Engineers of the city of New York, Local 110, of the Industrial Workers of the World, do hereby raise our determined protest against the lawless action of the aforenamed Idaho and Colorado officials, and do hereby pledge ourselves to sustain with all our power and means our brothers now pining in an Idaho prison, and we do so upon the principle that a wrong done to any one of our brothers is a wrong done to the whole working class to join in a mammoth protest demonstration, and, as the second step recommended to the working class to join in a mammoth protest demonstration, and, as the second step recommended to the working elass to join in a mammoth protest demonstration, and, as the second step recommended to the working elass to join in a mammoth protest demonstration, and, as the second step recommended to the working elass to join in the city of New York for publication, and also to the families of the prisoners as an expression of our sympathy.

The following resolutions were adopted by the United Labor League, Sharon, Pa., March 16th: Whereas, Chas. H. Moyer, Wm. D. Haywoo and G. A. Pettibone, of the Western Federation of Miners, have been seized in the "dead of the night and secretly conveyed to another state upon a specious charge, and

and secretly conveyed to another state upon a specious charge, and
Whereas, The illegal methods employed to remove these victims of the Mine Owners' Association
from the state of Colorado to the state of Idaho, the
blood-thirsty degenerates concerned in this diabolical plot, and the circumstances surrounding the case,
unmistakably evince a foul conspiracy to murder
these heroic labor leaders who have scorned the
bribes, blandishments and threats of the rapacious
habor plunderers, preferring a clear conscience to
membership in the Civic Federation and vile associations, and
Whereas, We recognize in the attempt to murder
Chas H. Moyer, Wm. D. Haywood and their associ-

Whereas, We recognize in the attempt to murder Chas. H. Moyer, Wm. D. Haywood and their associ-

ates the purpose of the organized wealth to deal in like manner with every honest representative of organized labor that cannot be bought, caloided or buildoned, and

Whereas, We fully appreciate the dire consequence of a failure to frustrate every act of this character. Therefore be it

Resolved. That we denounce this atroctionatempt to hang innocent men, whose only crime is a refusal to emulate the example of the so-called safe and conservative labor leaders who are lausded by a venal press; and that we pledge our moral and material support to the victims of this datardly or slaught on organized labor, and be it further.

Resolved. That we lend these martyrs to the cause of labor every assistance and stand ready to do anything and everything in our power to prevent the execution of this capitalistic conspiracy.

J. A. STURGIS. President, CHAS. KING, Secretary.

Resolutions passed by Local Union No. 2, Newark, N. J.:
Whereas, Charles Moyer, William D. Haywood, E. A. Pettibone, Vincent St. John and others of the Western Federation of Miners have by their past conduct demonstrated that they are faithful officers of their organization, and have thereby incurred the hatred of the capitalist press and the capital class; and,

hatred of the capitalist press and the capital chass; and,

Whereas, It is self-evident that a conspiracy exists between the capitalist mine owners and officials of the states of Colorado and Idaho to imprison and if possible magnéte these class-conscious representatives of the working class; and,

Whereas, The action of the said officials and mine owners of the states of Colorado and Idaho is plainly illegal and unconstitutional, and plainly in accord with their military representative, General Sherman Bell, who during the recent Colorado troubles said, "To hell with the Constitution;" therefore be it.

bles said, 'To hell with the Constitution, indecates be it,
Resolved, By Brewers' Union No. 2, of Newark,
N. J., in general meeting assembled, that we unqualifiedly condemn all the officers of the states of Colorado and Idaho, who at the beck and call of the capitalist mine owners and corporations of those states, have assisted in the illegal imprisonment of our courades; and be it further.
Resolved, That we pledge our moral and financial support to the Western Federation of Miners in their attempt to liberate their officers, and that we participate as a body in any and all demonstrations against this outrage, and call upon all other local unions to do likewise.

A. J. KUGLER, Secretary.

A. J. KUGLER, Secretary.

Resolutions passed by mass-meeting of wage workers in Huntington, Ark., Wednesday night, March

Resolutions passed by mass-meeting of wage workers in Huntington, Arke, Wednesday night, March 7, 1906;

Whereas, President Moyer, Secretary Haywood and C. A. Pettibone, a former member of the executive board of the Western Federation of Miners, the Mining Department of the Industrial Workers of the World, have been kidnaped by the capitalist officials of the states of Colorado and Idaho, whom we demounce as the hirelings of the Mine Owners' Association and the Citizens' Alliance, and taken from their homes in the state of Colorado, and are now incarcerated in the state of Colorado, and are now incarcerated in the state pentientiary of Idaho upon a trumped-up charge of murdering ex-Governor Stuenenberg, and Whereas, This outrage committed upon our brothers of the Western Federation of Miners by the mine-owning branch of the capitalist class, is with the evident purpose of throttling the revolutionary organization of the working class and to deflect public attention away from their own dastardly deeds of murder and anarchy;

Therefore, Be it resolved by the wage-workers of Huntington, Arkansas, in mass-meeting assembled, that we denounce this crime of the capitalist class and warn its foul perpetrators that the working class can be provoked beyond endurance; and Be it Resolved, That we extend to our incarcerated brothers our fraternal sympathy, assuring them that an injury to them is an injury to us, and

Be it Eurther Resolved, That the members of the various unions of the town of Huntington attending this meeting pledge themselvae, to secure an appropriation from their tressuries to assist in the creation of a fund for the defense four imprisoned comrades, and that a committee be selected to circulate a subscription for the same purpose.

At this meeting, held under the auspices of the Industrial Workers of the World, the Socialist Party and the United Mine Workers of America, the sum of 894.30 was raised for the defense fund.

Resolutions adopted by Silverton (Col.) Miners'

Union: Since Moyer, Haywood and St. John, and other members of the Western Federation of Miners, have again been attacked by one of the most powerful and dangerous combinations of conspirators that has ever been organized in the history of the world.

Powerful, because they are backed by capital, will-ing to spend hundreds of thousands of dollars if by so doing they can weaken our industrial organiza-tion.

so doing they can weaken our industrial organization.

Dangerous, because they have among their tools
some of the worst criminals of the age. Many of
our membership have suffered from their cowardly
assaults. Some have seen their homes invaded and
broken up. Many have been robbed, beaten and deported in the most cowardly manner, for among
their tools are such degenerates as Walt Kinley and
Warford, now in penitentiaries; and Meldrum and
Buckley Wells, who still remain unjailed and unhanged to further exercise their instinct for cruelly.
We know that through all these cowardly perserutions, that many of our brothers have been savel
from that dark despair that gives birth to a spirit of
revenge by the constant advice and teachings of those
peerless students of social economy—Moyer, Haywood and St. John—whom many of us personally
know, and whose examples have taught us to suffer
indignities and let our tormentors go unpunished.
Men who have helped in teaching us that the abolition of the wage system and the democratic management of our own affairs, could only be accomplished by thorough organization of all the workers
in the industrial field, for the administration of industry.

Organization was to always be our first considera-

plished by thorough organization of all the workers in the industrial field, for the administration of industry.

Organization was to always be our first consideration. Brains, not dynamite, the means. So we have learned hope, not despair.

It is compatible with the cunning and ingenuity of clese conspirators that they now arrest these men and others of our fellow workers for conspiracy to commit crimes which they have endeavored to make impossible.

So, believing that as long as this band of conspirators, parading as law and order advocates, are left to continue their nefarious work no member of the Western Federation of Miners is safe from attack, Be it Resolved, That Silverton Local Union No. 26, Western Federation of Miners, pledge fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) in money and their will, and whatever more money that can be raised by individual subscription in defense of those that are now being persecuted by these conspirators.

And Be it Further Resolved, That we leave no stone unturned to expose this gang of traitors and anarchists, so that their power for evil cease and justice will prevail.

And Be it Further Resolved, That we not only give all the financial support in our power, but our moral support as well, renewing our pledge to continue mindful, throughout all these cowardly attacks, of the goal we are striving for—the common ownership of the machinery of production by the workers so industrially organized as to democratically manage the same.

And Be it Further Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be given to the press, and a copy be sent to our brothers in Idaho, who are now held victims of these conspirators.

Washington, D. C., March 18, 1906.—A very successful meeting in commemoration of the Paris Commune, and in particular to protest against the high-handed and outrageous attempt to railroad President Moyer, Secretary Haywood and fellow-officers of the Western Federation of Miners to the penitentiary or to the gallows, was held here this afternoon. The meeting was under the joint auspices of Local Washington, D. C., Socialist Party, Ladies Tailors' Union No. 234, Industrial Workers of the World, Mixed Vocal No. 208, Industrial Workers of the World, Workmen's Sick and Death Benefit Branch No. 183, Section. Washington Socialist Lederation, and Workmen's Circle Branch No. 20. About 350 were present. Somewhat over \$20 was collected to be sent to the defense fund, the expenses of the meeting being borne by the joint organization committee. The following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, President Moyer, Secretary Haywood and C. A. Pettibone, a former member of the executive board of the Western Federation of Miners, the world, have been kidnaped by "due process of the World, have been kidnaped by "due process of the World, have been kidnaped by "due process of the World, have been kidnaped by "due process of the World, have been kidnaped by "due process of the World, have been kidnaped by "due process of the World, have been kidnaped by "due process of the World, have been kidnaped by "due process of the World, have been kidnaped by "due process of the World, have been kidnaped by "due process of the World, have been kidnaped by "due process of the World, have been kidnaped by "due process of the World, have been kidnaped by "due process of the World, have been kidnaped by "due process of the World, have been kidnaped by "due process of the World, have been kidnaped by "due process of the working capanisation of the working class and to defect public attention away from their own dastardly deeds; therefore, be it, "Resolved, That this mass-meeting of the working class of Washington, D. C., extends sympathy to the men

H. RENNER, Secretary.

#### CORRESPONDENCE

#### A MISTAKEN CRITIC

"The Industrial Worker": Under the heading "Has No Political Tests," appears in the February number of "The Industrial Worker" the following editorial:

The Industrial Workers of the World is not a position in most of the Mortal and the second of the Mortal and Mortal a

diction against the politically active members of the Antonicalist Party, and, as I have not heard of any capitalist party ward-heclers having gotten control of any of our locals as yet, there remains but the Socialist Labor Party.

This point being settled (and all this inductive reasoning could have been avoided had Brother Edwards been straightforward enough to say what he meant), Let us inquire into the property of the pro

Though this communication has "spun out" longer than I intended it should, I trust it will be found important

enough to merit insertion in "The Industrial Workee," and thanking you in anticipation, beg to solve the tryoff, Yours for working class. STROMQUIST, Member Mining Department, L. W. W. and S. L. P. Albuquerque, N. M., March 22, 1996.

Member Mining Department, I. Vo.
Alboquerou, N. M., March 28, 1908.

\*\*Protectaries Statistics\*\*

\*\*Estare "The Industried Writher":
It is well known that capitalists statistics, especially in regard to the labor cost of commodities, are misleading and incomplete. Yet with all their faults they have been of about the statistics of the production of the program of the labor required in the production of commodities arriving to establish a society in which the reward of labor amount of labor required in the production of commodities it seems to me that reliable statisticals and the distribution of labor will be determined by the amount of labor required in the production of commodities it seems to me that reliable statisticals and to verify and correct such capitalist statistics as may be of service to us. To these reasons I would recommend the statistics and the production of the process of production may be followed from the raw material to the finished product in order to ascertain the labor-time crystallized in the marketable have every facility for the process of production may be followed from the raw material to the finished product in order to ascertain the labor-time crystallized in the marketable have every facility for choice. What we need for this purpose is systematic reports from members who are employed in shops, factories, mills and mines, stating the quantity of raw material used, the amount of social labor and the total arms. The objection has been made that this production is premature; that it should be postponed to some indefinite future time.

The power of the workers is increasing: the power of the amount of the production. Some time in the future the power of the capitalists is decreasing. Some time in the future the power of the capitalists in the four production and the finished production for the production of the power of the workers is increasing: the power of the capitalists in the future time.

The objection has been made that this proposition is pranture; that it should be postponed to some indefinite future time.

The power of the workers is increasing: the power of the capitalists is decreasing. Some time in the future the powers of the thind that it is to be a some time in the future the powers of the thind that it is to be a some time to the thind that it is sime grows naver the struggle will become more intense; questions of immediate importance will spring up in ever-increasing numbers and will demand immediate decision; we will therefore have less time and thought for questions that concern the future; that we will have have more time to discuss this matter now than we will have a future that the support of the total that the support of the su

have more time to discuss this matter now than we will make atter on.

Leave the control of the

accurate information on matters of vital importance.

The Union Label

The members of every union as a majority are honest laborer with honest of every union as a majority are honest laborer with honest of every union as a majority are honest laborer with honest of the property of the

himself to employ only such as pay 28 cents a week in his union.

Things are the last by the content whereby a centric the content whereby a central the content whereby a central the content whereby the same store therefor. But providing to above it that the customer who gathers trading stamps gains as much for his pains as the laborer for paying dues in a pure-and-simple trades union, and here is where a line of distinction cannot be drawn. The trading-stamp company trict to drag the wool over the eyes and lead astray its customers, and the union halet company does that to the workers.

The trading content is the content of the

If anyone desires to contradict the above statement he is welcome to make the attempt.

If M. M. Li, R. British Columbia Protests

Holizer "The Industrial British Columbia Protests

At our last regular business meeting of Joest 207, of the Wood, Wise and Metal Lather's Union, of Vancouver, B. C., Canada, the following resolution was ordered sent to "The Industrial Worker" for publication:

Industrial Worker" for publication:

Haywood, secretary, of the Western Federation of Miners, and Pettibone were arrested on a frumpedup charge and railreaded out of the estate of Colorado into the state of Idaho without opportunity to fight the extradition, thereby the United States; and constitutional rigids as citizens of the United States; and Whereas, We see in this contemptible act a new plot to disrupt the Western Federation of Miners and trades unions. Whereas, in order to crush the aspirations of our class the employing class will use every method swallable to shape public opinion against organized labor and the working class in general; therefore be it.

Lathera condemna the actions of the sunforting of the tensor and states in arresting the officers of the Western Federation of Miners, eatending the synthesis to these victims of capitalist oppression, gives them its moral and financial supnamed states in arresting the officers of the Western Federation of Miners, eatending the synthesis to these victims of capitalist oppression, gives them its moral and financial supnamed states where the supnamed and manufaction of the sunforting of the supnamed states where the supnamed the sunforting of the supnamed states that two impress upon our fellow-workers be constituted to impress upon our fellow-workers be constituted to impress upon our fellow-workers be constituted to the propersion of the supnamed fell and prepare to fight for our rights.

Will A. A.M. E.S.O.N., Pean

## Strike Against Common Labor

AND WHAT CAME OF IT

BEN ATTERBURY

Heinrich Mueller ast alone in his produced the feel of the properties of the Middle State. He was what they will also alone and a haborer in one office and the same what the world in the properties of the Middle State. He was what they will be a seen to deply A plain, common labor, any and the properties of the Middle State. He was what they will be brown for the brown for his right submitted to the always right, or that the will be a sharp real trouble with them. He had on the white her continued to the always right, or that the will be would find it. Because of this he was the world in the same when the same whe

brewers or the common laborers."

"I think you will find it does, Schwab, before you are through with it," put in Fischer.

"If it, is true," inquired Mueller, "that it don't concern the common laborers why did your men try to get the common laborers to quit with them?"

"They didn't; what have our skilled men to do with common labor, any-how?"

"What are you talking about?" exclaimed Mueller, rising from his chair and pacing the floor; "why, a lot of your men that you call skilled coopers are nothing but common laborers! That's a fact and you snow it. But I won't wrangle with you; here is my proposition; you can take it or leave it. A week ago I decided to raise the wages of all hands in this brewery 20 per cent—"
"Yes, I know," broke in Schwab.
"You know! How should you know?"

"Well, I heard about it."

"And heaves of they wow shorted."

#### DOES THE SHOE PINCH YOU?

If you would like to know why abate the nuisanes

#### THE WEEKLY PEOPLE

to wage workers on mat them and which they s page of editorials and a j Among the regular feat Answers," and "Uncle

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LET THE TRUTH

BE KNOWN

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### "Incendiary Language"

The Denver "Times" is sorry. It is sorry for the sake of Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone. The reason of the "Times" sorrow is the circular issued by the General Executive Board of the Industrial Workers of the World on the arrest of these men, and the manner of their deportation. The "Times" sorrowfully declares that the circular contains "incendiary language," and such language, it is sorrowfully of the opinion, will do the accused leaders of the Western Federation of Miners more harm than good."

What is the language used by the circular? It opens with an allusion to "the reign of law-less violence" which the capitalist class of the Western States inangurated at the Coeur d'Alene, beginning with 1897. — The statement is a statement of fact. Finkertons ran the courts, revolver in hand.

It says that the capitalist conspirators considered.

in hand.

It says that the capitalist conspirators sought to smash the labor organizations of the miners "by seeking to foist upon these the crimes committed by the capitalist conspirators themselves." The statement is a statement of fact, of recorded fact. Ine blowing up of the Concentrator was traced to the Mine Owners' Association itself. It says that "everyone of these attempts has failed"; every case against the accused miners "ended in complete acquittal" in spite of "sub-

orned witnesses."—The statement is a statement of fact, recorded in the courts: the men were acquitted, the testimony against them was smothered in its own perjury.

It says, summing up this first episode, that it was a series of "diabolical schemes."—The statement is a statement of fact, solidly banked upon the previous ones.

ment is a statement of tact, solidly banked upon the previous ones.

Taking up the second episode, the one we are now traversing, the circular says that the arrest of Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone was a "secret arrest," that their taking to Idaho was an "illegal deportation," and that the proceedings bear a general "criminal character."—The statements are a series of statements of fact. The testimony upon which their extradition was demanded is on its face perjured testimony; they were denied counsel; they were literally kidnaped and railroaded out of the state.

"The circular says further that the agencies who schemed this plot are "pirates of the West," whose motto, the motto of their Colonel McClellan, is: "To hell with the Constitution!"—These statements also are statements of fact.

Running through the circular from top to bottom, and back from bottom to top, every allegation, of the numerous ones that it contains, is a fact scaled, signed and delivered.

The conclusion is obvious.—Not the LAN-GUAGE of the circular, but the FACT'S that it

The conclusion is obvious.—Not the LAN-GUAGE of the circular, but the FACTS that it

produces are incendiary. Incendiary is the fact that a high military officer declares: To bell with the Constitution! Incendiary is the fact that the governor of a state enters into a conspiracy with the governor of another state and deprives three citizens of their civic rights. Incendiary is the fact that a capitalist concern—the Mine Owners' Association—stands convicted of the subordination of witnesses whom it pays \$2.00 to swear away the lives of workingmen. Incendiary is the fact that the capitalist class contemplates murder to protect its continued reign of rapine. These be incendiary facts; pitchy, sulpharous facts; facts allame, it to set the country on fire. The incendiarism lies in the perpetration of

facts; facts aflame, lit to set the country on fire,
The incendiarism lies in the perpetration of
these facts; the incendiaries are the perpetrators
of these facts. So far from its being incendiary
to mention, to expose, to make these incendiary
facts publicly known, the mention of them, the
exposing of them, the making them publicly
known is the turning of a broad-diametered hose,
with its powerful stream of water, upon the conflagration which the incendiary capitalist class
and its political puppets are kindling.

All credit to the General Executive Board of

All credit to the General Executive Board of the Industrial Workers of the World for setting the pace, as intrepid firemen, to put out the firs that incendiary capitalism has started!

-The Daily People.

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The rapid gathering of wealth and the centering of the management of industries into fewer and fewer hands make the trades union unable to cope with the ever-growing power of the employing class, because the trades unions foster a state of things which allows one set of workers to be pitted against another set of workers in the same industry, thereby helping defeat one another in wage wars. The trades unions aid the em-ploying class to mislead the workers into the belief that the working class have interests in common with their employers.

These sad conditions can be changed and the interests of the working class upheld only by an organization formed in such a way that all its members in any one industry, or in all industries, if necessary, cease work whenever a strike or lockout is on in any department thereof, thus making an injury to one an injury to all.