Workers! The Grain is Ripe. Organize in the Harvest.

We Want the Goods.



We Want the Earth.

ORGANIZATION

VOL. 2. No. 18

One Dollar a Year.

SPOKANE, WASHINGTON, SATURDAY, JULY 23, 1910

Six Months, 50c

Whole Number 70

INDUSTRIAL NOTES: COOKS

Scabs continue to desert the Davenport, 19 having walked out or a day las week. Manager Wraight and "Louie" Day port and their head scab herder, one Frieed, as making frantic efforts to secure more help. pat; .ed secured a crew of six waiters in Scattle, to telling them the Davenport resort was a v house. Their railroad fare was paid to 85 de no, but as soon as they learned how they mad been fied to and deceived they refused to work', r "Louie" any longer. The manager of the "selected cafe, one Hillman, a professional strike breaker from Chicago, has placed a sign >. It, it of the Pedicord stating that the place winion. His propensity for lying, and his all record in the Chicago teamsters' strike, is too well known by the restaurant patrons of Spenane for such a petty subterfuge to decel a many.

The Allied Crafts won complete victory over the Association in the njunction case, before Judge Webster. Every point raised by the strikers' attorney was sustained by Judge Webster. All of Davenport's and Wraight's lying allegations in their affidavits accompany ing the temporary restraining order were dis proved, and the Association was shown to be "an illegal combination in restraint of trade." Subpoenas were issued for the president and millions of dollars a year for the purpose of affords between the Union and it's members secretary of the Association, Wright and one maintaining and perfecting effectual means of on the job. It's a means whereby the workers Dunning, summoning them to bring all books and records of the Association into court. In this way the inner workings of the Association would have been laid bare, but the two worthics mons by leaving town quite suddenly on their regiments, soldiers who know how to build the unemployed as a club to beat down the labor skinners and labor haters and their took fright and bled to parts unknown. Wraight operate a clicker under the most unfavorable operate and "Louie" have since sneaked back after the It is reported that "Louie" is going to niake another donation to the Woman's club and send another barrel of his bum pickles to St. Luke's hospital.

Joe White, proprietor of the White's Hotel and Cafe, a resort on Sprague street, wants to same. run a union house, but is prevented from do-ing so by his chief creditor, the Spokane & Eastern Trust Company, of which Davenport is one of the chief stockholders.

The Musicians' union and the infamous Brotherhood of Bartenders continue to permit their members to scab on the cooks and waiters in the various unfair houses where these craft unions are employed. Nough sed!

EMPLOYMENT HOGS AND THEIR DIRTY TRICKS.

In the issue of No. 8, July 9, The Industrial sage sent to the Free Employment Office in

"Rush men to Walla Walla. Great need of men here and help is the scarcest in years. Wages from \$3 to \$7."

The Industrial Worker in the same issue and farmers to congest the labor market of Walla Walla and surrounding country.

On July 18 three men came to the I. W. W. hall and presented the tickets they had re-ceived from the City "Free" Employment Oftice. On the back of the tickets the following note was written by the Secretary of the Farmers' Union:

these slips of yours demanding employment at 33 to \$7 per day in the Marvest. There are no such wages being paid and the farmers dis. over, there are more more than the country. Yours truly,
"H. H. McLEAN,

"H. H. McLEAN, Pres. "By W. D. P.

These three men paid \$10.50 for fare and had to pay their fare back to Spokane. No com-CHAS. GRANTT.

TACOMA ON THE JOB. Editor Industrial Worker:

Tacoma is still growing. Since my last letter our membership has increased twenty. Most of our members are working in town. We have twenty members working as longshoremen. We expect to take in more longshoremen this Individual propaganda is being used

We are conducting good street meetings every night with the exception of Wednesday. which is our business meeting night . Our talk is confined to conditions and organization.

Next week you may look for an increase in our bundle order of the worker. Yours for the increase in wages and other concessions, had class rebels.

WHICH PAPER DO YOU SUPPORT? HIETHER INDUSTRIAL WORKER MORNING LIAR EMPLOYMENT SHARKS SWINDLE WORKERS: PAY EMPLOYMENT AGENT SAYS SWINNER WUNNERSON NO GOOD MONEY FOR JOB AT DESTINATION. WALK LOTS OF WORK: PAYS GOOD WAGES: CAN'T GET MEN: BACK. MEN BEGGING FOR WORK BENEVOLENT CAPITALIST GIVES HOME TO FRIEND AT CAMPS. CHILDREN HOMELESS. CHILDREN HOMELESS. CHILDREN HOMELESS. AND LIFE ENERGY FROM AND LIFE ENERGY FROM COMPEL THEM TO VACATE COMPANY HOVELS. THOUSANDS SLEEP ON DAMP GROUND. AT CAMPS UNTOLD WEALTH OF AMERICA MOST PROSPER. OUS COUNTRY IN WORLD STRIKERS DESTROY POVERTY AND LUXURY HAND IN HAND. 10,000,000 WORKERS WANTED! HARVEST HANDS TO ENJOY GLORIOUS VACATION DESTITUTE IN LAND OF THE FREE(?) AND HOME OF THE SLAVE. ON FARM; BIG WAGES SECRET AGENTS OF COMPANY CREATE RIOT. TRY TO PUT BLAME ON STRIKERS.

This Worker is Wise. Are You?

Every nation having an army appropriates means of communication and information it More millions of dollars a year for the purpose of affords between the Union and it's members struggle than in any previous one. It's a war communication between the war office and the men on the job—the soldiers and officers of the army in the field.

CHRISTIA IR VARIOTATALES CONTROL CONTR

Bulling 192

ficers to act as special messengers—a fast and are on. It's to prevent the discussion and subsreliable means of communication between the generals and the men on the job.

The faster and the more reliable the commnnication the better for the army possessing from communicating with one another on a

the "wise" took possession of the Czar's most effective means of communication—the telegraph. It had a great deal to do with the Russian army's defeat in Manchuria. The effect was, that for the want of information and orders, general Roc-just had to wentsky.

The rebels had their own men on the job. The wires were crossed, confusion the result. In Germany, Bismark sought to stop the means of communication of the workers. Every paper had to be gotten out on tissue paper and sent out by mail. It was costly to the workers. Worker published the following telephone mes- They, like their Russian brother rebels knew the value of communicating with the slaves on the job. Hence the establishing of underground presses. In spite of all persecution they kept them agoing. Why? Because they know the value of a workers press.

Why are the labor haters and skinners of commented upon the above message as bunk, every nation so intent upon destroying every and only a scheme of the employment sharks influential Labor Paper? Surely not on account of the "philosophical" dope they contain. For most, if not all can be gotten by reading books

conditions. Staff dispatchers and picked of told to keep away from places where strikes equent adaption of effective revolutionary means to settle the all-important Labor Problem by the workers. It's to prevent the workers large and inexpensive scale; It's to force! the In the Russian revolution a few years ago, he "wise" took possession of the Czar's most sheets. In fact there are a good many features in the flesh of the bosses.

The recent fight for Free Speech proves our contention. The powers that had control over the city officials knew the value af an effective means of communication. We had one in the Industrial Worker. It brought fighters on the job. It put the case before the workers. It brought us money. It helped to boycot the 'Inland Bumpire".

The city officials siezed our means of communication without much ceremony thought it plenty of time to argue it out afterwards, if it should ever become neccesary, But the boys here knew the value of a means of communication just as well. They did not spend valuable time in arguing about the legality of such action, the rights and wrongs of it ec., but immediatly established the Industrial Worker in Scattle.

Fellow Workers, do you know the value of a Labor Paper? We are in the grip of the upon these subjects. No, it's because of the greatest war the world has ever witnesed.

-not only against a system, as some bald headed, bewhiskered, theoretical-desk-revolucerted action. It's on account of exposing the tionists wants us to believe,-no, it's as war In peace and more so in times of war. What schemes of the bosses, many places where between men and men. The system does not the process of being skinned alive.

HARVESTERS THROWN IN JAIL

IF THEY REFUSE MISERABLE WAGES OFFERED BY FARHERS.

it's a bitter struggle on the industrial field, between the owners of the slave pens and the slaves pinned down by the forces of the master class,—forces that are alive—men who serve in uniformed armies of repression, and last but not least, men of our own kind who lack information, and the rebellious slave want to organize.

Like the war lords of the different nations we also must not only keep up, but perfect our means of communication and information. We must be in close touch with the man on the He is the man-like the soldier-the man behind the gun. Unlike the soldier he is the man behind the the gun of production and not that of destruction.

Fellow Workers! Are you on? If so get on the Job! Go to work! Work on the Job for the One Big Union-the I. W. W. and It'al means of communication and information. Work for the Industrial Worker and all other

I W. W. papers. Place Industrial Union literature in the hands

of your fellow slaves. Will you go on the Job? Will you work on

the Job.

We wait a substantial answer, an answer that is expressed in orders for prepaid sub-

The paper MUST be supported by those

that wish it to live. Are you on?

WHAT'S THE USE?

TOPEKA, June 22.- "Please send me some college boys for harvest bands." This request has been made to Charles Harris, state free playment directo the past few days.

"It seems strange," said Harris, "but the fact is college boys are in demand everywhere as harvest hands. I account for it because as a rule, they all come of good families and are absolutely trustworthy; also they are athletes. The farmers say they do not 'soldier' but keep right at work. When a college student works he gives value received. Perhaps there is another reason why they are in demand. The farmers like to have the students set a good example to their own sons. They show it is not regarded as dishonorable for students to work on the farm and it tends to make more contended."—Kansas City Journal, June 24.

BIG HOLE VALLEY.

Fell off here July 10 and got a master the which is something flerce, Wages are about the taken the strike committee was instructed to takes co-operation to accomplish results, all same day. Things don't look so bad, but could average, rush arrangements and give the signal for a live and energetic workers in the neighbor be better. Wages, \$2 and \$2.25 per day; acof-It was announced that the ratiroad companies city and help make things hum. Jump into the bave refused to consider further negotiations. Mayou the satisfaction of knowing of slaves here and more coming. Hike 110 miles in the hay harvest. Wages, 32 a day, 10 hours The members of the union, who demand an you are one of a bunch of huetling working. In here. There are two of us no good I. W. work. Board is first class, water is good. This necesse in wages and other concessions, had class rebels.

W's on this job and the rest think it is good work will last about 50 days. W. J. APPLEBY.



TELEPHONE SLAVES STRIKE. The shovel artists of the Pacific Telephone Co. at 2nd and Cannon ats. atruck Wednesday.

the 20th. The men were getting \$2.50 and went out for \$2.75. Success to the strikers. It is reported that the strike is due to the persuasive powers of the peaky I. W. W.-ers.

ROBALIA, WASH.

Report from a slave in the above burg says that there are many slaves in that vicinity. Farm work pays \$2.50 per day, grub good; pay any time; sleep with the other mules ir the straw stack.

AN N. G. JOB.

A fellow worker from Port Blakeley on Bainbridge Island who was working for a sawmill reports that the job is as bum as the average slave ever meets. The wages are only \$1.75 per day, the grub unfit for a human beend of that time. The job generally is on the J. M. F., Local 132, Spokane. bog.

THIS IS A FAIR JOB.

Fellow Worker C. E. Payne of No. 432 is working on a job at Newport, Wash., for the Fidelity Lumber Co. Wages, \$2.25 and up; pay the 10th and 25th; board and sleep where you like; no fees as yet; no employment shark; no discrimination against the I. W. W. men. The company runs a boarding house that is said to range from had to good, but the workers are not obliged to board with the company.

TWO JOBS AT MONCKTON, WASH. Editor Industrial Worker:

I recently bumped into two jobs and will send

Milwaukee railroad from Moneton to Everett. Wash., Camp A, one mile from Moneton; wages, \$2.50 for 10 hours; board, \$5.25 per week; sleep in tents; hospital, \$1 per month; H. C. Henry, contractor. Don't need to kill yourself, iloard with North Bend Logging Co.; board is nothing extra. Most of the work on this line is let out to station men. Moncton is one the main line of the Milwaukee at the foot of the mountains, about 40 miles from Scattle. No employ-

Snoqualmic Falls power plant, Stone & Webster, contractors; wages, .2.50 for 10 hours; very poor board, \$5.25 per week; hospital, \$1 month. It is not necessary to buy this job, although many poor fools do. Get off the train at Falls City station, blke to Falls City, cross the bridge, thence up the river to the camp, six miles from the station. The city of Scattle will soon start building a dam four grams and letters from Kansas farmers during miles from Moneton; three years' work; wages \$2.75 (perhaps) for eight hours' work. Free Employment Office, Fourth avenue, Seattle. RICHARD SMITH.

FAIRFIELD, WASH Editor Industrial Worker:

Have been working at Morrison's ranch. The grub is bum and work hard: wages, \$1.50 per dry for 11 hours' work; sleep in rotten bunkhours. If you work 10 1-2 hours they pay you for three-quarters of a day. I. W. W. men can get work there but had better stay away, for it's a bum place all around.

P. J. VAN MOTILKEN. Member Local 221 Spokane.

ARLINGTON, WASH.

With regard to Ebey Logging Co., I would say everything is fairly good but the board,

HARVEST NEWS FROM JACKSON, MONT. I write you in regard to the conditions here

E F, KINDER LOCAL 222

GOMPERS AND THE W. F. OF M.

Sammy Gompers & Co. have refused to grant the Western Federation of Miners a charter. It "Free Public Employment Bureau, Spokane, is said that a motion was made in the United Sixteen Thousand Men Are Now Out of Work Mine Workers of America convention that, proclaim any authorization of such report; more- would consolidate with the W. F. of M. into over, there are more men here than is good for a Miners' Industrial Union, and also withdraw from the A. F. of L. Now it us up to the U. M. W. A. to show their hand and to see what stand the conventions of both organizations will take on this matter. It is said that the convention of the W. F. of M. which convenes July 18, will be a stormy one, and should be watched with great interest by all industrialists. Yours for the I. W. W.

1. W. REPORTER, Denver, Colo.

NATIONAL RAILROADERS' UNION TALKS GENERAL WALKOUT.

by members on the job. Most of our success mittee of the National Railroaders' union. Af- workers of this vicinity, and build up a movein organization is due the activity of all of our ter a meeting tonight at which this action was ment of ACTUAL MEN ON THE JOB. As it in organization in due to activity of an obtained the strike committee was instructed to takes co-operation to accomplish results, all general walkout as soon as possible.

JOHN L. SPICER. already voted to strike, if negotiations failed. Get into the game.

THIRTY-FIVE HUNDRED MEN OUT AND 5000 MORE IDLE WHEN SHOPS CLOSED

MONTREAL, July 18 .- Conductors and train men of the Grand Trunk and Central Vermont railways obeyed an automatic, strike order at 9:30 o'clock tonight. On Sunday when the members of the strike committe left here each man carried a sealed envelope to be opened at the hour calling a strike unless a telegram had previously been received which upon comp arison with a copy enclosed in the envelope, stated otherwise. No such telegram was sent

and the strike became effective at 9:30 p. m.

Spokane Local Unions have engaged Fellow-Worker Franklin Jordan, late of Portland, as organizer, Jordan is a live wire and hopes.
PARIS, FRANCE, July 17.—A general strike with the co-operation of others of like kind. been decided upon by the central com- to inject a strong feeling of discontent into the

Editor Industrial Worker:

borhood of Spokane are asked to some to the fing not bad; flop in feed yard called a house,

Labor Produces All Wealth



Labor Is Entitled To All It Produces

Published Weekly by the Spokane Local Unions of the Industrial Workers of the World. P. O. BOX 2129 SPOKANE, WASHINGTON. 616 FRONT AVENUE.

HARTWELL S. SHIPPEY	
OTTO JUSTH	
T. H. DIXONTr	***
Subscription Yearly	
Canada, Yearly	1.50
Subscription, Six Months	60
Bundle, Orders, Per Copy	.021/
CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ALL ORDERS.	
INDUSTRIAL WORKERS OF THE WORLD.	

General Headquarters-518 Cambridge Building, Chicago, Illinois.General Sec'y-Trea W. E. Trautmann General Organizer

GENERAL EXECUTIVE BOARD. C. H. Axelson, Francis Miller, Charles Scurlock, J. J. Ettor, Geo. Speed Entered as second-class matter, May 21, 1910, at the Postoffice at Spokane, Wash., under the Act of March 3, 1879.

A PERSONAL LETTER TO I. W. W. MEN. Fellow-Worker-

This is the time of year when the live members of our union have stated many times, the support of the workers is the only number of subs or orders for prepaid sub-cards do not come in, it means the paper cannot exist.

If you want the INDUSTRIAL Worker to live, YOU must furnish the means whereby it may continue to act as a news medium of the men on the job.

THIS MEANS BUSINESS!

When "capital gets its due" it will be "gone to its reward"

Are you getting your share of the good things of life! Join the I. W. W. and GO AFTER THE GOODS.

Be enough of a job-ite to go to work in some industry and ORGANIZE THAT JOB. AND SAW WOOD WHILE ON THAT JOB.

There is a large percentage of the rebellious workers that BOSS COME THROUGH.

It is not votes that buys the worker s wife a new dress Neither is it philosophy nor "leaders." It is DIRECT ACTION on the part of the workers.

> Honor and fame from no condition rise. Act well thy part; there all the honor lies.

POPE.

Sure, Pope, old boy. But where lies the goods? Honor and fame wont stick to our ribs.

You pay your money to a fat, greasy employment shark.

You buy a job. He gives the boss on the job a rake off.

The boss on the job fires you so that he may get another E.

Z. Mark from the shark, and get another rake-off. Your few days' pay gets you back to town to buy another job to be fired again to tramp it back to buy a job to be fired where their real interest lies. Prove to them that the boss is again to tramp-but what's the use? Will 'OU ever get wise?

The churches and sky-pilots, making a feeble play for the pennies of the workers are signing petitions asking for a six day week for the postal employees. They insist, however, that the day off be Sunday. Collection day, you know. But of course they do this kindly act "because they love us so," "because they love us so". And besides there is the meal ticket consideration. But hush!

JUST CATTLE.

Attend a concert at one of the parks where there is a musical concert. There you will find a representative American crowd, arrives so that the growers of the valley can be supplied with Take notice of the music they applaud. You will find that reliable help. it is the frivolous, the meaningless, the worthless, that appeals to the mob. Anything that has depth and is of value turned down, as they are an uncertain quantity and cannot be is passed up by the majority. The music of nower and inchise tion passes so far over their heads as to be hardly recognized. It is "casting pearls before swine." Yes, swine; or shall we say apes? Let a player "do a stunt," give a trick performance, and parties of young and old folks to come to the valley and work the inane attention of the average monkey is attracted. He is pleased, amused. And mental effort is pain and suffering to of the north.-Holtville (Cal.) "Tribune". the apes.

Wait until the ITALIAN band rends an American national air. A few schoolma'ams and counter-jumpers with sloping direct action, won't scab and "cannot be depended upon" to respective owners, jump to their feet to honor (1) the country parties" of the scissor-bill white slave to come and work their of their masters. The other apes, with the ape-like faculty of fool heads off for a miserable wage that the Japs turn down. imitation, rise in obedience to the spirit of mob-mind. Many of them do not know why they are standing, and continue to stand even when the band has passed from patriotic (?) airs to ragtime. In deep gratitude you observe a few "foreigners"-Italians. Russians. German and English Jews, Frenchmen, Austrians and Scandinavians-workers all, who listen with eager the music that they know and appreciate.

As it is with music, so it is with the revolutionary movement. placently prattle of "Liberty," the "cow-operative common- looked after by their "chiefs," too. Witness Cherry, Illinois. Who said, "All men are brothers."

INDUSTRIAL WORKER wealth," "man's future emancipation," etc., and smugly go home, their potato minds working with the sluggish maggots of these meaningless phrases.

When will the workers AWAKE? When will they do SOME-THING! When will they cease splitting hairs and go after the goods? Will they allow themselves to be educated into a state of semi-imbecility, a state of mind that is swayed by their masters and completely at his disposal? No, a thousand times, NO! Let us look upon the teachings of the boss, the ideas of his press as false from start to finish. Let us have ideas of our own. Let Paris Commune," published in the volume them be based on our own interests and not those of the boss. "Vital Problems in Social Evolution," writes: Let us be suspicious. Let us analyze. Let us think.

CAPITALISTS SHED MAUDLIN TEARS.

The Rochester "Democrat-Chronicle" bemoans the fact that a scab sailor of Buffalo was found with his head broke. This capitalist sheet assumes that it was union men that committed the deed, and their assumption is good evidence that the conrary is true. But, supposing that it was union men that slugged the scab? Are they doing anything but returning like for like? Let us analyze: When the scab takes the place of a striker he is assisting the boss to lower the general standard of wages. He is assisting the boss to deprive the worker of that on which he depends for existence—for life itself. If the worker's wages are cut, part of his life is cut. If he has not as much wages to purchase the necessaries of life, to that extent he must not live. nor must his wife and children. When the scab aids the boss to lower wages by breaking a strike he is really hitting at the life of the striker, or that of a great number of them. Merc, he is assisting to condemn them and their families to degradation worse than death itself—a life of misery and fear, a living death of shame as a being whose existence is at the disposal of the boss. This is what the scab does. Do we hear any moans that does not contribute toward this end is are out on the job. It is the slack season, financially. But of sympathy for those who suffer because of the scab? Not useless. Anything that contributes toward this the WORKER must be published in season and out. As we any! The boss will weep many virtuous tears for one scab with a broken head, but not a weep for the millions who suffer trathing that will keep a working class paper alive. If a certain vail and humiliation BECAUSE of the scab. But we do not yearn for his weeps. Our road to freedom is not paved with ciale (The Social War), who is serving a four such unstable material as the maudlin tears and sentimental slop of the boss. The march of the workers, of the strikers, the rebels, is over the ground of INDUSTRIAL ORGANIZATION and along the path of DIRECT ACTION. It is on ourselves that we depend, not on the "sympathy" and slush of our enemics. They will need all their sympathy for themselves and their cowardly tools, the scabs, before the workers are through with them. Let them weep.

YAPS-AND YAPS.

There are yaps and-yaps. There is one species of yaps that is hopelessly afflicted with yapitis and jobophobia. This yap is the homeguard lumberjack. The great timber companies buy a million acre tract of timberland for next to nothing. They cut all the timber and sell a few acres of the stump land to the before mentioned yap for many times what the original timber especially in the General Confederation of Lais loafing and dreaming. GET ON THE JOB and MAKE THE land cost the company. The yap, now a homeguard, has the 'right'' to slave for them, helping them cut other vast tracts of timber, thereby earning enough in a month to buy enough into line for it. The anti-military spirit among powder to blast out a stump or two. This yap, however, has a piece of land, is not a wage slave, but of the capitalists. To be sure his job is what ables him to live-and buy company powder, but what would you? He is a landed proprietorhe has a piece of paper that says so-and the paper wouldn't lie. So what use has he for labor organization. The I. W. W. lution in Europe. The strong revolutionary is organized to put the lumber barons out of business, and he is a lumber baron, isn't he? Surc! he owns a few stumps, and while he must sweat blood and spend much money to remove them before the land is worth anything, still it cannot be denied lutionary workers will turn against it. A burst that he owns the stumps. And the stumps are wood if they are not lumber. Ergo, the yap must be a lumber baron, is it not sof And what does a lumber baron want of an industrial union? Laugh, you lumber workers, laugh, but make it a grin laugh. Go, after these fellows, these would be penny capitalists. Fight 'em at every turn of the road. Fight to show them not a worker, that they ARE workers and that their interest I am a Proletaire; propertyless, powerless and I am a Proletaire. On me rests the toeming is that of the workers.

Teach them that their work is to GO AFTER GOODS and that can only be done by ORGANIZING in the one union for Despised, condemned, and shunned ALL the workers.

The boss will help to educate them by putting them out on the hog. See that you do your share in wiseing these yaps up to the REAL proposition.

JAPS USE DIRECT ACTION.

The Loftus Co., under the supervision of Mr. Walker, are endeavoring to solve the labor problem when cotton picking Mocked by a gleaming bauble, and solaced for-

The Japs have offered to handle the crop, but have been depended upon at critical times striking for higher we leaving the fields without a moments notice. The Loftus folks Feeding this brute with wine and meat; have decided upon a novel plan, and that is to induce camping the same system that has been so successful in the hop section

How does the above strike you, Mr. white scab? How does it hit your idea of "foreigners"? The "little yellow men" use foreheads and pretty cravats, having been well drilled by their faithfully slave for the boss, so the boss invites "camping

And you call yourselves men.

Referring to John Mitchell's diamond ring, the New Orleans 'Picayune'' remarks with deadly seriousness: "It must be a And bare faced right of blood (by GRACE o matter of much pride and self-congratulation by the millions of organized workers who acknowledge allegiance to Mitchell Support the right to rob appreciation to the real music, who hang with bated breath on and those other distiguished chiefs that they are able to sport The Church proclaims it is the will of God that such magnificent gems and pay such royal rewards (\$100.00) for their recovery after they have been lost. This mere incident So kiss the rod and murmur not, The mass, the mob of so-called "progressives," play and paddle shows that labor (?) organizations are great blessings to their To thy Masters be obedient. around in the little puddle of half-baked "intellect." They are millions of members and that, at a small cost to each, the mem- And the King's sword gleams, and his arm playing—nothing more. It means nothing more to them than bers are able to maintain their chiefs in opulence and splena source of amusement, a sewing circle of mentality. They com- dor!" And the United Mine Workers of America are so kindly

THE FRENCH PROLETARIAS By Louis Duchez.

"In the drama of European history France has always played a leading role. She has given us a classic instance of a social revolution, an international song, and a brief but

Not only has France always played a leading role in European history, but she is playing a leading role today. At the present time the proletariat of France is bearing the torch of the Social Revolution of Europe.

brilliant example of a working class admin-

istration of affairs."

It is quite natural that the workers of Franc should have built up the largest revolutionary union in the world today. They have witnessed the shifting of political machinery. They have snilled barrels of their own blood and filled the streets of Paris with it. They have had their fill of parliamentarianism—and it has failed, aside from feathering of the nests for

the Briands and other talking revolutionists.

The vital question is that of building up the industrial union. Not simply to make it a superior form of organization to that of the craft union, but the basis of the new industrial society. This is the aim of the revolutionary

It is, indeed, refreshing and encouraging to take a glance at France today. Take the case of Herve, the militant editor of La Guere Soyears' sentence, and that of Liabeuff, the Apache, who was executed a few days ago.

Herve urged the Parisian workers to employ labeuff's tactics in dealing with the brutal police. He was arrested and sentenced to four

He laughs at the government that put him there. He dares them to keep him there four years. He is fearless. The government knows that he is as dangerous to the existing order in jail as if he were out. Perhaps more so. But what can they do? He is alive. To execute him would be worse still. And Herve is not

The feeling is rapidly growing among the workers of France that another big revolution is about due in that country. The most mili-tant members of the working class, represented bor, are getting ready for it.

The battle cry is being sounded all over France today. Italy and Spain are being swung the soldiers is terrorizing the heads of the governments. And this is making the workers more aggressive. Herve has his finger on the

popular pulse. That's why he is so bold.

An upheaval in France such as the great revolution of 1793 will mean the Social Revo temperament and social consciousness of the workers of the Latin countries will prompt this uprising. The institutions that capitalism has built up for its own defense against the revoof working class power will be the signal for the standing armies of France and Germany, especially, to lay down their weapons or turn them against the exploiters.

Back of all the revolutionary feeling which

is taking on such definite shape in France is the General Confederation of Labor. Its principles are substantially the same as the I. W. W. It has within its ranks two-thirds of all the organized workers of Farnce. It is continually carrying on an aggressive campaign of organization. At every strike it is on the job. It is in the midst of the big strikes that it finds the greatest stimulus and when the in-terest is at white heat the forces of the work-

ers are welded. SOLIDARITY is the watchword. It is teaching fearlessly that the new industrial society is a thing separate from the state and the institutions of capitalism. It opposes the state to the extent of its power. The workers are being taught that the time is near at hand when they will have to take over the industries of the nations and run them for themselves, and that the revolutionary union, represented by the General Confederation of Labor, is the basis for this new society there.

This teaching is being rapidly absorbed by the French workers. It fills them with a consciousness of their own power. Their minds are directed to centers of exploitation and the point where the class struggle takes place in all its reality-in the industries.

The kings and plutocrats and exploiters of Europe may well look with fear upon the latest moves of the French proletariat. It is no mystery that they look for leading Socialist parliamentarians for their cabinets as instruments which promise to ward off the inevitable.

The world-wide revolutionary movement may well look to the French workers for big things

"We are in a tussia. The Neva is frozen. Heavy carriages roll upon its surface. They improvise a city. They lay out streets. They build houses. They buy. They sell. They laugh. They dance. They permit themselves anything. They even light fires on this water become granite. There is winter, there is ice, and they shall last forever. A gleam pale and wan spreads over the sky and one would say that the sun is dead. But, no, thou art not dead, oh Liberty! At an hour when they have most profoundly forgotten thee; at a moment when they least expect thee; thou shall arise, oh, dazzling sight! Thou shall shoot thy bright and burning rays, thy heat, thy life, on all this mass of ice become hideous and dead. Do you hear that dull thud, that crackling, deep and dreadful? 'Tis the Neva tearing loose. You said it was granite. See it splits like glass 'Tis the breaking of the ice, I tell you. 'Tis the water alive, joyous and terrible. Progress re-commences. 'Tis humanity again beginning its march. 'Tis the river which retakes its course, uproots, mangles, strikes together, crushes and drowns in its waves not only the empire of upstart Czar Nicholas, but all of the relics of ancient and modern despotism. That trestle work floating away? It is the throne. That other trestle? It is the scaffold. That old book, half sunk? It is the code of capitalist law and morals. That old rookery just sinking? It is a tenement house in which wage slaves lived. See these all pass by; passing by never more to return; and for this immense engulfing, for this supreme victory of life over death, what has been the power necessary? One of thy looks, oh, sun! One stroke of thy strong arm, oh. labor!"-Victor Hugo.

If there is one thing more than another that should draw a radical into our ranks it is be-cause there is no room in the I. W. W. for the rotting middle class. W. C. S.

In "Onlons" there is strength. That is the reason, I presume, the A. F. of L. stinks so bad-namely, too d-n many unions.

Organize in the I. W. W.

THE PROLETAIRE

oppressed:

In lands where the Pharisees cant of Democ racy Should cause the God of Truth to smite the

lying mouths That breathe their poison to the shuddering

air. There, where once the Red Sword of Justice Cut down the traffickers in black flesh,

There am I enslaved-and worse.

sooth With the dead letter of a law called Freedom. he Ark of the Covenant

Which the respectable thieves have despoiled of its treasure!

Sacrificing to this cruel and greedy God, My life, my wife, my soul and brain. But the Pharisce and Bourgeois praisemongers cry aloud.

Rejoice, for thou art not like those of other landa."

Thou canst enjoy the right to vote and make thy own contracts."

Hark, again, they shout, "Long may our land

be bright. Hearken, O God, with Freedom's holy light." But God seems deaf to blasphemy.

In this land the phrases change! The cant of Liberty gives way to Church; There Costs disdains to Wear a mask God)

thou shalt suffer here. And thou shalt be rewarded in Heaven

Proving that the Church is wiser than the Nas

earth. I, I alone, produce and fetch and carry all the

food. The clothes, the heat, the light; Construct the poor man's hut, and dwell there in:

The rich man's palace, and depart therefrom, Like my forebears, whose toll-worn lives. Are written upon Egypt's stones.

The diamonds flash which I have dug, But not on bosoms where my head can rest! The gown you lady wears with such fair grace Has dimmed and dulled for ages my daughter's eyes;

A costly gown, they say; and costly 'tis, by God. The broadcloth which you gilded youth displays

ve. My coat is worn and patched All-all your temples, ships and wares Your railways, commerce, and your Art, I hulld and carry on.

Nay, more, you scoundrel, ruling by the grace of God. At your command I cut my brother's throat

In murderous frenzy when you cry "To war." Defending with my Proletarian blood The spoils you have stolen from my plebian -was*

All this I am and have been But I see a gleam of light, and like the wise of

Who faithfully followed the star-lit road And found the new-born babe,
A Proletaire, a Nazarene, the Carpenter; Whose words made systems, states and empires

turn to dust; Like them I'll follow true the light I so And if the Infant who has been foretold. In awestruck whisperings, in louder wines, By timid tongues from cell to gallow's-tree If he be born, I'll pour my treasures cut, My toll, my sweat, my blood, my life. I'LL guard him from the mob of leeches and

exploiters That would wade like Herod through the blood of me and mine

To crush and kill our hope. -STANISLAUS CULLEN.

LABOR NOTES FROM THE FIELD in the neighborhood of \$10,000 per annum for 8EVEN—I W W 7890\$...... the improvement of those streets and the rest

men who had remained at work struck on Sat-urday and joined their comrades.

Yours for better conditions.

W. H. WHITE, urday and joined their comrades.

Good propaganda being made in West of England on lines of Industrial Unonism the troubles at Avonmouth is settled satisfactory to the men, organization being perfected.

I have visited Birmingham and some Lancashire towns since my last report. Good headway all through.

TOM MANN, London, Eng.

STRIKERS NUMBER 75,861.

More Cloak And Skirt Makers Out in New York.

NEW YORK, July 8.-More cloak and skirt makers went on strike today in addition to feat the white labor by shipping 'talians in the 50,000 who walked out yesterday, making their place, but there seems to be just just as the total now on strike 75,861, according to the union estimate. If these figures are correct, it is the biggest strike in the industrial history of New York City.

Not all who quit today are affiliated with the union, but their voluntary action in renouncing steady employment out of sympathy for their fellows is great encouragement to union leadlive thousand joined the union today.

A tax of \$1 has been imposed upon every male member of the union in the United States say the levies will insure a fund of \$300,000.

There was no violence today .- New York

BUCK COMPANY AT PEACE WITH LABOR.

Long and Bitter Warfare Ended.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 19.-A peace agreement of great importance to organized labor American Federation of Labor and members think that our efforts will bring forth fruit.

of the Stove Founders' National Defense asso-The effect of the agreement is to end the bitter warfare between the federation of labor and the Buck Stove and Range com pany of St. Louis.

association and the stove company through its representatives here, announced their withdrawal from the prosecutions against President Gompers, Vice President Mitchell and Secretary Morrison of the Federation of Labor in the contempt case now pending different street corners. Our union takes in against them .- Spokesman-Review.

TWO SCAB UNIONS

penny ante union not recognized anywhere

What fools and suckers there are in this world, to pay their hard earned cash for something, and get nothing. E. L. DAVIS.

In explanation of the the above—The scab (so-called) bartenders have organized a union of scabs called the above B. of B. But how about the "good" union of bartenders-the A. F. of L. organization? They are, it seems, scabs too, tho' a somewhat different shade of yellow. The "good" union bartenders are working in scab dumps, when the cooks, waiters and waitresses are on strike. It seems to make considerable difference which foot

To a blind man that can yet sense the truth it would seem that both bodies are scab organi-

GREAT FALLS, MONT., THE CITY OF SCABS.

Editor Industrial Worker:

Arrived in Great Falls yesterday, July 12, and have been pretty busy looking around the town. It is lamentable that there is such a lack of unity among the working class here. The industrial unions of Great Falls must not be mistaken for Industrial Workers of the World. They are nothing more or less than industrial scabs. It is indeed wonderful to find a bunch of slaves that are able to show the A. F. of H—l points on graft scabbery.

Had the pleasure of meeting one of the fellow

workers from Spokane in town this morning. He was engaged in putting up stickers. It was amusing to see boycott stickers for the benefit the Montana Brewery stuck around the saloons, but you bet it did not take the saloon ceepers long to take them down. There is hardly any work in or around Great Falls, and Industrial Workers looking for work will do well to stay away. Farmers are offering \$1.50 per day or \$35 per month, and jobs are not plentiful at that.

Some attempt should be made to organize a local here and an active organizer should be put in the field at once. The employment sharks here like an Industrial Worker in much the same manner that they do a rattlesnake. Only this morning I happened to over hear two sharks talking about "me." "Did you see that - I. W. W. man in town," said one. "No," said the other, "when did he get in." don't know," said the first shark, "but if he tries to do anything against us we'll have to have him pinched." You see, these grafters have a wholesome fear of us lest we should publish the truth about them.

There are in Great Falls about 30 women whom the capitalist press says belong to the underworld. These poor unfortunates, victims of a vile and rotten system, are obliged to pay the blood sucking landlords \$40 per month for two small, dirty rooms which are situated in a still more dirty alley. In addition to \$40 rent they have to pay \$2.50 for light and \$10 per month to the city of Great Falls. Great must

be the pride of the people who live in those fine houses on Fourth and Sixth streets when they think of the prostitution and shame of these unfortunate women who are contributing

of the town-money which they have earned BILBOA, Spain, July 18.—The strike of coal in the hardest possible manner by prostituting miners here today became general when 15,000 their bodies in order that they might exist.

Member L. U. 132, Spokane.

ON THE FIRING LINE.

Orient, Wash., July 18, 1910. We shipped from the Free (?) Employment office of the Great Northern to a bridge gang at Sheep creek. On arriving we found accom modations for 14 men only and 19 men on the We laid around till supper time and the grub was fierce. Tried a few shots of the real dope at the slaves on the job, then hit the trail. On arriving at Northport we heard of a land clearing job at a place called Marble, 10 miles west of Northport. Found that they were pay-ing teamsters \$40 a month, and the slaves were out on strike. The bosses thought to defeat the white labor by shipping Italians in much rebellion in the sc-called foreigner as there is in the natives, for they are coming and going, kicking about the water and things nice work, but hard to get a job there. in general. If there is an Italian in the Spokane locals coming this way he might do some work in the camp for the organiation. We left Northport July 9. Arrived in Marcus

same day and lived next to nature till Monday Then we hit the trail to Rock Cut, on the Orville branch of the Great Northern. On arriving we found that seven men had shipped there and one of 50 cents on each woman. Officers to work in the Welsh Lumber Co. sawmill. They found they could not make more than their board, as the mill was shut down half the time, so they, had to hire a team take them to Orient at a cost of \$3. I might mention that this is close to the Canadian line and that a man must have \$25 in his pocket or do the crawfish act back. We are working at Orient on a new schoolhouse, and the men seem to have some of the I. W. W. principles in them, as they do not try to rush each other We are was made here today between officers of the trying to get the dope into their heads, and

> JAMES PATTON. Local Union No. 434.

DENVER, COLORADOL

Editor Industrial Worker:

Local Union No. 26 is maintaining a headquarters and free reading room at 1017 Ninecenth street. We hold street meetings every night and sometimes two the same evening on new members right along, but I believe that the population is even more migratory than in the The "B. of B." or Brotherhood of Bartenders, and Weinstein and myself alone remain to hold cities on the coast. Our speakers are scattered are very busy at present, trying to make a down the box. We are expecting Covington larger division in wionism by organizing a Hall in a few days. He may locate in Denver permanently. We are boosting the idea of a circuit for speakers and organizers as a means of collivening the locals and waking up the na-With best wishes for the only paper representing the interests of the casual, migratory, floating worker—....
yours for all we can get.
WALKER C. SMITH. tory, floating worker—the blanket stiff—I am

THE DELEGATE ON THE JOB. A certain new recruit of Local Union No. 40 Missoula, Mont., was initiated on July 4. He went to work on a day ranch at \$2 a day and

board. In a couple of days the boss made him a straw boss with about six men under him. The first thing he did when he took charge of the men was to talk Industrial Unionism to them and succeeded in inducing five of them to Join the Industrial Workers of the World.

The new fellow worker has lots of power on this ranch, and one trying to work for him without being in possession of an I. W. W. card will find it pretty hot.

Our fellow worker brought the recruits to

Missoula and had the whole five initiated Sat-Let us hope they will become good urday.* rebels. The funny part is this: Those fellows have been working on this ranch for \$1.75 and of our principles he told them that they were board, and after convincing them of the merits not getting enough money and that they should out on strike and got a raise of 25 cents for around here

HERMAN MORSTON, L. U. No. 40.

FROM OUR CAMP DELEGATES. Madras, Oregon

Editor Industrial Worker:

As Fellow Worker Pancner and I are located again for a few days will write you. Fellow Worker Sloan is still with us. We are within nine miles of Madras, working at Porter & Clarkson's Camp No. 5, on night shift. Wages, \$2.75. board good. It has taken us about four days to hike about 40 miles, and our feet are all in, so you can easily imagine the roughness of the road and the severity of the heat. The wind blows enough in the afternoon to keep one's eyes filled with dust, but it tempers the heat only slightly. We are on the Hill road, for the other road is nearly finished to Madras and there are long stretches of this road that are not finished.

Baker & Jordan's tunnel camp is not a large camp, but employs, I judge, 100 men in and out of the tunnel. Tunnel is wet. They pay \$2.75 and \$3 a day. Board is rotten, the worst I have seen. This camp must be 10 miles above Shaw's Bridge. There's a ferry there and several this side. They charge 25 cents each for every man ferried across at any ferry, and you pay it or you don't cross.

Another tunnel camp worthy of mention is about 10 miles further up the river, at Porter's camp. It is a large camp, employing two or three hundred men. Wages, \$2.50 and \$2.75. Grub is good. Conditions good. Dry tunnel and

There is another tunnel camp near Madras which I have not seen as yet.

Of the smaller camps we have passed, of which there are perhaps 40 or 45 (and 10 or 15 of which are trap tunnels), the wages are usually \$2.50 to \$2.75, but some pay \$3. Board in a few is good, in a few others fair, but in most of them rotten.

The petty timekeepers in most of these small camps are very important men and superior They are very arrogant and insolent. I wish I were a bad man. I would stick a small cannon in the caboose of my pants and travel up and down this river beating up timekeepers As it is, we generally hand their thug talk back to them with interest.

While Liking up this river, you pay for nearly every meal you get. Most places it is 25 cents per meal, but in several camps it is 50 cents. and in one 35 cents. But if you work, board in all the camps is \$5.25 per week.

In one small camp they begged us to go to work at \$3 per day. In the same camp they pay Italians \$2.75.

Now, fellow workers. I am sorry to say that the outlook for us to get a great many members here is not very promising, and all hecause we can't speak Italian and we have no Italian literature. At least 65 per cent, perhapa 70 per cent, of all the men on both of these roads so far encountered are Italians who can't speak or read English. About 25 per cent of the remainder are Swedes, mostly station men who just love to work like the most abject slaves on earth, and "ho have a desperate desire to get rich. You can depend on them to work till they heads grag on the ground. As a rule, that is all they know. Of course, there are a few exceptions.

The Italians and Swedes constitute 90 or 95 per cent of the men on these roads, so far as have seen. The other 5 or 10 per cent are Americans, with a small sprinkling of Austrians, Poles, Russians, and a few Irish. We met a few Spaniards in one camp. We have reason to believe some of the Italians are socialists and anarchists, though we have had no way of finding out or even guessing how many. But there are many thousands of Italians all along these two roads, and I would suggest that the Portland locals by all means send an Italian organizer here. He could do a world of good. I am certain, and get hundreds of members. It is a promising field. If you could send two (one American) it would be better-strong men, able to take care of themselves, equal to any funny business that might

The employment sharqs are shipping hun dreds of men to Shaniko for these roads. There is no work at Shaniko, I am told. After the men get there they have to hike 45 miles to Madras and pay 50 cents per meal to the ranchers along the route. They can ride on the stage or automobile by paying seven dollars fare. And whoever heard of a blanket stiff shipping out of Portland when he has as much as seven big U. S. dollars? I don't know whether the employment agents tell the poor devils that go on strike. So they all stuck together, went find out at Portland. But if he does he lies, unthey can get a job at Shaniko or not. You can Delegate on the Job! Get busy, you old heads. come down to Missoula and stir things up pays only \$2 a day. They issue time checks d at 25 cents ne check discount. M. B. B.

"IF SILVER SAYS SO, IT'S SO."

BIG CLEARANCE SALE

ALL SUMMER GOODS AT LESS THAN FACTORY COST

WATCH THE WINDOWS_THEY TALK

OSCAR SILVER

THE WORKINGMAN'S STORE" THE BIG DOUBLE STORE, CORNER FRONT AND BERNARD STREETS. SPOKANE, WASHINGTON I. W. W. PUBLICATIONS

I. W. W. Song Books PRICE-10 Cents Each; \$5.00 per 100;

\$2.50 per 50 ADDRESS: T. H. DIXON, Spokane, Wash. BOX 2129.

Industrial Union Literature

Industrial Union Literature

"ELEVEN BLIND LEADERS," by B. M.
Williams. 32 page pamphlet. Price, 5c.
TWO KINDS OF UNIONISM," by Edward
Hammond. A four page leaflet. 20c per
100; \$1.50 per 1,000.
"UNION SCABS AND OTHERS," by Oscar
Amerminger. Four page leaflet. 20c per
100; \$1.50 per 1,00.
"GETTING RECOGNITION," by A. M.
8tirton. A four page leaflet. 20c per
100; \$1.50 per 1,000.
PAMPHLETS IN FOREIGN LANGUAGES
"Why Birlikes Are Lost," by W. E. Trautmann, in Lithuanian. Price, 10 cents a
copy; 25 per cent off on orders of 100 or
more.
In Italian—"Report of the I. W. W. to
Paris International Congress." Same price
as above. Address

VINCENT ST. JOHN,

518 Cambridge Building, Chicago, Illinole 55 Fifth Avenue

IN ENGLISH THE INDUSTRIAL WORKER

Spokane, Wash.
Sells 4 prepaid sub cards for \$3.00.
Help increase the sub list of YOUR paper.

"Solidarity"

paper, published by the Local Unions of New Castle, Pa.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Six Months Canada and Foreign . Bundle Orders, per copy....

Address all communications for publica-tion to A. M. STIRTON, Editor; all remit-tances to the manager, C. H. McCARTY.

Address P. O. Box 622, New Castle, Pa. IN SPANISH

"Industrial Union"

Published Weekly by the Industrial Workers of Phoenix, Ariz. Exponent of Revolutionary Industrial Unionism, Printed in Spanish.

Subscription, \$1.00 per Year; 500 6 Months. Address

THE INDUSTRIAL UNION 312 East Buchanan St.
PHOENIX, - - - ARIZONA

IN POLISH

SOLIDARNOSC

Official Organ of the POLISH MEMBERS OF THE I. W. W.

Published by L. U. NO. 317, I. W. W. SUBSCRIBE NOW -- - \$1.00 A YEAR

Make Remittances Payable to A. A. ZIELINSKI, Sec. Press Comm. 1159 Broadway, Butalo, N. Y.

IN FRENCH

L'EMANCIPATION Address, I. W. W. HALL,
MASON ST. LAWRENCE, MASS.

The General Administration of the I. W. W. has printed an assortment of stickers, containing short, pointed paragraphs. The price is 50 cents per thousand. Every Local price is 50 cents per thousand. Every Local Union and member should send for some of these stickers. They are the goods. It will help us in bringing the I. W. W. to the attention of the slaves who are in need of Information. Address.

VINCENT 8T, JOHN, 518 Cambridge Bidg., 55 5th Ave., Chicago.

REMEMBER JAMES KELLY COLE. REMEMBER JAMES KELLY COLE.

A book has been printed which contains some of the writings and poems of James Kelly Cole. It is an 85-page book, red cover, and has a picture of Cole on the front page. Let every true member of the working class remember this fighter who lived and died in an attempt to go to jail in answer to the call sent out by the I. W. W. The price of the book is only 25 cents. It is inspiring reading. It voices the sentiment of the

reading. It voices the sentiment of the rebels. Every local as well as every member of the I. W. W. should place an order. Address VINCENT ST. JOHN, 518 Cambridge Bidg., Chicago, III.

IMPORTANT.

Local Unions of Spokane urgently ask all nembers to AT ONCE pay up back dues and as far in advance as possible. SPOKANE NEEDS THE MONEY. Do your Seattle Advertisements

The Workingmen's Store WILL DRESS YOU FROM HEAD TO FOOT

Keep in mind that this store always sells only reliable goods, has one price for everybody; gives everybody a square deal. Also bear in mind we are Complete Alaska Outfitters.

Special Attention to Workingmen We wish to announce that we transact a wholesale and retail business, and can save you money.

THE OLD ESTABLISHED STORE 114 Main Street

Carrol & Wineburg

Established 1900

The Original

Workingmen's Store

Clothing, Gents' Furnishings, Hats, Shoes Rubbers, Oil Goods, Etc.

Phone Main 5811 221 FIRST AVE. SOUTH

Provident Legal Association

Represents the Working People Legal Advice and Services by Best

Attorneys in the State. Membership Fee, \$2.00 a Year.

524 Central Building. Phones-Main 5739; Independent A 4590.

I. W. W. NEWS STAND

Between two employment sharks and over the Swedish Salvation Army.

I. W. W. Socialist and adical papers in all languages.

CIGARS, TOBACCO AND SNUFF.

I. W. W. Cigars Our Scepialty, LOOK FOR THE RED LABEL.

118 WASHINGTON STREET, SEATTLE.

BRAND

Weekly Organ of the Revolutionary Syndica-list Movement of Sweden.

SUBSCRIPTION, \$1.35 PER YEAR All Scandinavians should read The Brand

and pass it along. Address

Rörsstrandsgatan 32

STOCKHOLM, Va. a. SWEDEN

Miller's Cafe

The only 25-cent Meal House in Missoula.

I. W. W. HEADQUARTERS 132 WEST FRONT STREET.

FREE SIXTY SOCIALIST

By Debs, London, Marz, Lafargue, Herron, Spargo and other escialist writers. No two alike, 22 parse such, We will mail the full set in a strong paper box free in anyone ending \$1.70 for a new yearly subscription to the International Socialist Review, the only illustrated margains that is of, for and by the Working Class.

The Working Class.

copy of the Review mailed or 10c. Classize B. EZIK & O., 110 W. Kinzle Street, Chicago, Ill.

SONGS! SONGS! SONGS!

The Literature Committee has had notice after notice inserted in The Industrial Worker relative to the sending in of songs and suggestions for the new song book the Spokane Locals intend setting out.

Having waited a month and received neither songs nor suggestions, the Committee, under the instruction of the locals, will proceed with the material on hand and get out the book. However, any member or local knowing of a good song should send it in, as the book may not get to press for a week or so.

This notice is given in anticipation of kicking, for the book may not come up to your standard. Hoping to prevent kicking and disgust, I remain, CHARLES GRANT.

Chairman Literature Committee.

Watch the yellow label on your paper. It will tell you when your subscription expires. Renew your subscription before expiration of same.

SIX MONTHS BOC SUBSCRIPTION BLANK

INDUSTRIAL WORKER

Box 2129, Spokane, Wash.

..... for which send me The Industrial Worker

.... year at the following address:

City .. State

MORE NEWS OF

Editor Industrial Worker: I have been working here for the Bitter Root seven ranches, all of which cover 22,000 acres. The Pendergast ranch, where I was working, pays \$1.75 and board for having. Grub is fair here. The boss watches the hay falling down one's neck from morn till night. Yesterday noon a professional bum (Sister of Charity) called at the ranch and pleaded for donations. saying that they needed the money as they were going to put up a large building in Missouls in which they kill off the sick and dying. Now it happened that a year ago I landed, broke and stranded, in Missoula, and, being hungry, I hit 'em up for a feed. They kindly asked me if I cared to work awhile, to which I replied "Cer-Well, after working hard two hours stomach. Having this in mind while she are plentiful and jobs are scarce. Around the mooched me, I answered: "The Catholic church docks the average pay is 25 and 30 cents an may as well try and squeeze blood from a turnin as to get a cent of my hard carned money." Fifteen minutes later the foreman hit me with a time check and I landed again amgonst the to \$6 a week, higher than in many towns where unemployed. The Gilchrist ranch, another of the notorious seven, is equally bad. The grub is fierce. Any member with respect for him-

Frank Reed will be in town tonight and hold several meetings from which we expect great results. Pete Brown is also here and is raising hell with the lumberjacks. This country is rotten ripe for organization, and I look ahead and hope that we can once more organize these timber workers. Yours for the porterhouse. LOUIS MELIS,

self and stomach should steer clear of these

Member Local No. 40.

ROSALIE, WASH.

Fellow-worker E. Self reports that the harvesters at the above jerkwater have made the farmers come through with \$3.00 and in some cases \$3.50 per day. But they get it back by feeding the workers bum chuck. Will go after the good lunch and anything else that is not nailed down.

MISSOULA LIVE WIRE AGITATE IN CAMP.

Editor Industrial Worker:

Fellow Worker Frank Reed to notify you to started, but after three or four weeks or rus send us a bundle order of 50 Industrial Work. thing a local was organicad. There were three ers. Have them sent as soon as possible, so we or four shingle weavers, a fireman, a pattern can get them by Monday, Follow Worker Road maker, a carman and the rest loggers in the went down to Hamilton today to stir things up a little in that part of the country. He has taken most of The Workers with him, and that is the reason we need 50 more in Missoula. I all in favor of the I. W. W. am acting in Reed's place until he returns from Hamilton. Yours for industrial freedom.

HERMAN MARSTON, P. O. Box 745, Missoula, Mont.

CRAFT UNIONISM ON THE WATER FRONT OF TACOMA. Editor Industrial Worker:

Working in the transportation industry, at posed to do longshore work. For this union had enough of that dope, semblery on the boats they receive no extra pay. One thing that I might bring to the front (only in case of overtime they are supposed to and tell you about is a sky-pilot by the name of get 50 cents an hour, but the ship owners see Wolfe (in sheep's clothing) who was teaching to it that they get very little overtime). So "brotherly love" to little boys by drilling them you see their wages for longshore work and to shoot their brothers. All they lacked was a sailing are about 20 cents an hour, and the lug of whisky and they would be missionaries stevedores receive 50 cents per hour, to these It will be a great surprise to many of the strevelores receive 50 cents per hour, on these lt will be a great apprise to many of the so-called union men are working 30 cents an ahingle weavers if the next convention is not hour cheaper than the longshoremen. Fo prove the last one held in Washington. Chicago is to you that they are allowed to scab on the the place to hold a convention, anyway, longshoremen they carry a card that represents the Pacific Coast Seamen's Union so they cer. put us on the right track, so look out for Local tainly can do such dirty, slimy scabbing with No. 318, a union license in their pockets. Just think of Memb such union scabbery. The longshoremen are and third Sundays, also organied here in the l. C. A., a craft of the Don't buy a job, handed. One of the craft unionists was work- for industrial freedom. ing on the job and told the boss he could go to the so-called union hall and get some men The slave driver said: "I guess we won't . We can pick up all kinds of men on the street." still this cenft senoration of labor has charge \$1.50 for initiation fees and expect to raise it to \$5. The lumber handlers are also organized in the I. C. A., ar posed to get the preference of the work. For this privilege of slaving with these fellow workers the freight handlers must pay 2 1-2 cents the dollar is supposed to go to the Puget Sound Council. But if they hire what they call outsiders, such as I. W. W. men and unorganized laboring men, they charge them as high as 4 cents on the dollar. This 2 1-2 and 4 per cent that they collect from these fellow workers is supposed to be used for the benefit of. the lumber handlers of the Puget Sound lumber handlers' union, such as transacting business and getting a stronger affiliation with the craft separationists of the Puget Sound lumber handlers and freight handlers. Of course, you know they have walking delegates all along the line, and these parasites must suck the life and blood of the workers. The poor creatures they must fleece the workers and the so-called Labor. But remember, there are a few redt being has other interests than making a mule ed in the Transportation Workers' in- of himself.

dustry, and they expect to open the slaves' eyes not with bad boose or fire water, but on the lines of industrial unionism.

Yours for more pork chops and shorter hours. FRED WIGNER,

Local 380 Transportation Workers, Tacoma Washington.

A SPOKANE JOB.

Naylor & Norlin Co., Hogan & Kester, Cora avenue and Northwest boulevard. Hire from Stock Farm. The stock farm is divided into Red Cross; pay off from Red Cross; boss slave drivers; \$2.75, eight hours.

MEMBER I. W. W.

WISDOM, MONT.

I am working in hay fields here; wages, \$2 and \$2.25 per day, and lots of men coming in all the time. M. C. WARDEN. Member L. U. No. 408.

CONDITIONS IN DULUTH.

Conditions in and around Duluth are firce. Wages on the ore docks, \$2 a day; you have to sign your life away to get a job, and if you are hurt the company disclaims all responsibility. You must always sign a statement that you are they gave me a feed that would turn a cat's not a member of any kind of a union.. Men hour, the work is hard, and 10 hours is a day's work. Other work is most of it 20 cents an hour throughout the city. Board averages \$5 workingmen get better pay.

W. T. N.

Los Angeles, Cal., July 16, 1910. The Brewery workers strike is going on just about the same. The merchants and manufacturers have the brewery owners end of it in charge. (Solidarity of Capital).

A great many of the merchants and manufacturers are patronizing the saloons that have pickets in front of them. They have also some of their clerks doing the same as well as their hired workingmen. The slaves who are working for the orewers, after they are through with their days work, go around doing the same thing. A great many of them don't buy any beer, but just walk into the saloons, pretending to do so.

It is rumered that the M. & M. are standing for all the loss that the brewers are sustaining, as they seem to be more interested in defeating the workingmen than are the brewery owners themselves.

ON THE MOVE.

Editor Industrial Worker:

Local 318, Sedro-Wooley, Wash., is progress I am writing this letter by the request of ing rapidly. We had some trouble getting beginning, but since then the local has increased its membership from 20 to 73 or more. The shingle weavers in this jurisdiction are

> Local No. 6, I. S. W. U. of A., and Sedro Wooley Local of the Socialist party have joined in helping Local No. 318 erect a labo temple. Each local elects two members on the board of trustees. Will let you know more

about it in a week or so. The employers gave a carnival from July 4 o 9. This gave us an opportunity to get in touch with the boys. The trustees who are in charge of the labor temple project built a shack present, I have a little news that may be of and sold ice cream and lemonade during the some interest to the unorganized and organized carnival, and the building will now be used as craft unionists that work on the water front a tending room. On Thursday the L. W. W. of Tacoma. Members of the Pacific Coast entered the parade. Some of the socialists Scamen's Union receive \$50 per month /cr their wanted us to march with them, but a big malabor, but when they land in port they are sup- jority of No. 318 voted not to do so. We have

Fellow Worker Heslewcod was with us and

Members, call in and see us. Meetings first

Don't buy a job, but go to the Maple House A. F. of L. There was a bont working short. or to the Crosby confectionery store. Yours

> CHARLES PARDNER Local Sedro-Wooley No. 318.

THE CIRCUIT.

tution, has already begun to work. Fellow Worker J. P. Thompson has gone to Scattle, where he will lecture in the interest of the affiliated body of the freight handlers, and I. W. W. locals of that city. Spokane has sewhen short of lumber handlers the so-called cured the services of Franklin Jordon, who will craft unionists of the freight handlers are sup- act in the capacity of organizer. Both Spokane and Scattle are fortunate in securing the services of these men. Scattle has secured an able and eloquent speaker, while Spokane has got on each dollar they carn. This 2 1-2 cents on in return one who is just as eloquent, coupled with the push and ability to do practical work

TO MINNESOTA MEMBERS.

radius of about 200 miles should communicate with the Secretary of Local No. 68 at Duluth, Minn., at once. and send address. Headquar ters at 17 Fifth avenue West, Duluth, Minn. WALTER TH. NEF. Secv.

A New Orleans paper states that Mayor Seidel of Milwaukee is opposed to the red flag. Another report says that he never heard of it.

Some men like to work 16 hours per day of humanity must live in luxury, and to do this If they like they may work 26 hours if they get the full product of their labor and there allied crafts of the American Separation of fore do not scab on those who think a human

POLICE THUGS

North Yakima, Wash., July 15. Editor Industrial Worker:

Both Gordon and myself were released from jail this morning and were told to leave town, doing so. Chief Kunnemann and Captain Kelly of the Yakima slugging committee are good tools in the hands of this city's capitalists, and are willing to obey their master to any extent in order to put a feather in their caps as sluggers of the first class. I have had dealings with one of these skunks and know what I am writing about. This brute Kelly is acting chief of police at night and he certainly takes advantage of his position by trying to buildoze workingmen and women who happen to fall in his clutches. If his buildozing don't work he will

divide the rooms, and the two sexes can be the working class, she felt it was her duty to very intimate if they so desire. The woman who deliver the message of Industrial Unionism is now in this bullpen is in danger of her life, and the conditions they are forced to face She is worrying herself to death with fear. All throughout the country, and after explaining through the night, from the time she was the conditions she told them that the only way brought in, she has been visited by the minions they could better their condition and get more of the law.

bluccoated brutes of the master classes slugging happened to be on Sunday evening, when most and forced also to cat the rotten food and drink a good impression on the crowd.

the brackish water that isn't fit for a hog to There is an A. F. of L. strike going on in the

bluecoated graft. Three or four colored women are going to win their strike-while the bosses robbed of \$25 each under the guise of the "law." Stoolpigeon Stump," as he is known, forced \$25 from a poor woman who was earning her money in the slave dens of prostitution. We ob served all this unknown by the skunk, Officer Stump, but he knows now that we saw him, because we told him he would see it in print and he turned white as a sheet. From four of these women, at midnight, he took \$100. Now, what do you think of Yakima?

I was released at 6 this morning and am still in town. I expect to have a meeting in Pasco tomorrow night if I don't get arrested for spite, so if you don't hear from me is Pasco you'll know I am sloughed again.

I like Yakima, but oh you I. W. W.!-One Union, One Label, One Enemy. Don't forget North Yakima. Yours for the I. W. W.

JOHN M. FOSS. Local 132, Spokane.

YAKIMA EMPLOYMENT SHARKS, (From the Yakima Republic.)

The following clipping will be of interest to our readers. It is in this town of North Yakima that several I. W. W. men were thrown into jail recently for exercising their "right" of free apeech:

Laboring men of North Yakima complain that they are not given a fair show to secure positions in and around North Yakima. They claim that in order to get anything to do they must make application to the local employment agencies, which require the advance payment of a fee which averages about \$2. G. W. Warren and F. C. Troutman gave voice to this complaint to the Republic today. Mr. Warren says that he is a resident of North Yakima, is married, has property and pays taxes. Mr. Troutman is also a North Yakima man.

"In order to get a position we have to make application through the local employment agencies," said these men today. "At present we have got to pay a fee of \$2 in advance in order to get a job. If he is 'dead broke' he is up against it. The employment agencies will not give him credit until he has carned the money. They will not take an order on the first wages be earns. The money must be paid in advance."

"This makes it impossible for lots of men to get jobs. I have known many who are ready and willing to work, but who have not the amount of the fee. They may find a scattering job here and there, but the number of places a man can find without applying to the employment agency are very few.
"I am convinced that all the larger employers

labor are working agencies. Let a man go down to this railroad camp below town and apply for a job, and if he cannot show a card from an employment agency there is 'nothing doing.' I know of where a man without a card was refused a position, when the employer was taking all that held a card from the agencies.

"This system does not look right to us labor ing men. The employment agencies are making good money, and every cent of it comes from the laboring man. In fact the most of it comes from the men who hardly know where their next meal is coming from.

"Sometimes the men are given cards by the agencies, after the fee is paid, of course, and when the men go out for a position they find

THE WORK WE ARE DOING.

The general opinion of the members of the I. W. W. at this time of year is that the organization is going backwards which is not so The men are out hustling in camps and harvest fields and creating a spirit of unrest among the workers at Pendleton, Walla Walla, Pasco and all over the harvest country the I. W. W are working quietly. In the lumber camps the men are doing good work helping the camp delegates, especially in Oregon and Washington All of this, is being done without brass bands

and so quietly that the poss does not know any thing about it. He will some time wake up and realize that the I. W. W. has hended him one. So, fellow workers, do not get the dumps and think we are losing ground, for we are not. The wise workingman must work in the summer and deny himself a great many things so that he can live through the winter, which a "reat many are doing, because they know how hard it is to get a job in the winter. They know how it was through the last panic and expechard times this winter and are preparing for but we decided that we shall take our time in it. So boost in your own way-but LO'ST. H. D. FREY.

> All members of Local Union No. 40, Missouls are requested to send to Missoula from their job and ask for ballots to recort their vote or actions of late convention.

FRANK REED.

FROM LOS ANGELES.

Editor Industrial Worker:

Will let you and the fellow workers throughuse brute force to gain submission from his out the country know that Fellow Worker Mrs. victims. "Kelly the tough" is the type of man L. Emerson of Local No. 13, San Diego, has arwho would prostitute his manhood for 30 cents. rived in Los Angeles for a short visit to study This city is the first place where they put the conditions of the City of the Angels. As rome: in jail with men. Only a few iron bars Mrs. Emerson is a revolutionist and belongs to of the good things of life is by organizing in-Now, you working stiff, what would you do dustrially and getting into a class conscious of if this woman was your sister? How long are ganization—that organization being the Indus you going to let women be imposed upon by the trial Workers of the World. As the meeting committee? This woman is compelled to occu- of the wage slaves are out rambling around py a lousy bunk in a dirty, flithy jail. She is there was an audience of about 800, most of forced to hear everything that is said in a jail, them being wage slaves, and her efforts created

drink, and there you poor victims of society City of the Angels. The Brewery Workers, mawho labor and produce all good things of life chinists, foundry men and leather workers—all will boost for your glorious free country (sic). of them poor, ignorant wage slaves, looking up Last Tuesday we were observers of a little to their glorious leaders and wondering if they of the redlight district were brought in and with the help of scab union men, are sitting back and laughing at them. FRED BERG.

Member L. U. 18, Los Angeles.

I. W. W. LOCALS, ATTENTION!

The industrial Worker requests that each local of the i. W. W. or of any organization, elect a correspondent for this paper. We want to give the best news service possible to the Workers, and we need your help in getting the news from each locality. Give us the news of any labor troubles or items that interest the worker and we will put it into shape. Get busy, Workers! We need your help.

SUBSCRIPTIONS ACKNOWLEDGED. Subscription list for the Garment Workers Industrial Union, No. 188, St. Louis, Mo.

T. D	
John G. McGuire	
Pete Marchiendo	
H. J. Brons	
Louis Campbell	
Tom Halero	
John J. McGuire	
C. L. Filigno	
Harry Smeed	
H. S. Shippey	
Fred Fisher	
Harris Allman	
Sam Anderson	
J. P. Thompson	
E. L. Cline	
G. Beansiler	
John Burns	
Barney McCabe	
Geo. Kinnear	
Otto Justh	
John Hudon	
Peter Effertz	
James Orr	
Aug. Allman	
	_
Total	11
	•

T. H. DIXON, Joint Secretary Spokane I. W. W.

Receipts up to July 18.

SPOKANE, WASH., 816 FRONT AVENUE.
All those wishing to pay dues will find the Secretary, T. II. Dixon, in the hall from 9 n. m. to 9 p. m.
SEATTLE, WASH., 211 OCCIDENTAL AVE. Free reading room open from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Entrance in the rear.
LOGGERS, SEATTLE, ROOM 3, 218 SECOND AVE. SOUTH.

LOGGERS, SEATTLE, ROOM 3, 218 SECOND AVE. SOUTH.
Loggers before buying jobs should call at
Loggers' hall, room 3, 218 Second avenue
South, Seattle, Wash., as we have orders for
different kinds of jobs in the woods every
day. Men should see if we have anything
in their line before buying jobs, as this is
one way of doing away with the shark.
E. M. Clyde, Secretary I. U. 432.
TACOMA, WASH
I. W. W. beadquarters and free reading
room at 723 Commerce street.
Bellingham Local, I. W. W., meets every
Wednesday night at Stanbra Hall, 1315 Railread avenue.

PORTLAND, OREGON.
I. W. W. hall, No. 230 Ankeny street.
Transportation Workers' headquarters, 538
Delay street.

Transportation Worsers Minn.
Delay street.
MinnEAPOLIS, MINN.
Open air meetings will be held as often as weather permits. Mass meetings Sunday evenings at 104 Washington Ave. South.
VANCOUVER, BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Headquarters of I. W. W., 232 Pender St.
SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA.
Pending room, Fourth street.

Reading room, Fourth street.
FRESNO, CALIFORNIA
Local Union No. 66, headquarters, 1408

Local Union No. 66, headquarters, 1408
Tulare street.
OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA.
Local No. 174, headquarters at 569 Seventh street. Meeting every Wednesday night.
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA.
Headquarters at 128 North Main street.
Missoul.A, MONTANA.
Headquarters, 626 Woody street.

Spokane Advertisements

FIRST-CLASS GOODS AT LOW PRICES

TheS. &S. Clothing Co. MEN'S OUTFITTERS

FIRST-CLASS GOODS AT LOW PRICES CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES AND FUR-NISHINGS

\$89 FRONT AVE., NEAR WASHINGTON SPOKANE, WASHINGTON

Rooms 25c, 50c, \$1.00

Hotel Seattle

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS 515 FRONT AVENUE

SPOKANE - - WASHINGTON

Ideal Rooming House

2211/2 North Howard St. Neatly furnished rooms, 15c to \$1.00 NELS SWANSON, Prop.

O.K. Loan Office

WE WANT YOUR TRADE By Giving You a Square Deal We Will Keep It.

When in need of anything in the line of Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Jewelry, Etc., come to see us. No trouble showing you the goods.

Jeweiry, Revolvers and Ali Kinds of Musi-cal Instruments Bought from Chicago and New York Loan Offices.

PHONE MAIN 3361 220 North Stevens St., Spokane, Wash.

Stevens Street Restaurant 205 STEVENS STREET

BEST 15c MEAL IN THE CITY OUR COFFEE CAN'T BE BEAT

RESSA BROS.

POOL PARLOR, CIGARS, TOBACCO Grocery Store in Connection 416 Front Avenue

The Three Star Restaurant GIVE US A TRIAL

213 STEVENS STREET, REAR

Just the place for you.

GOOD MEALS AT MODERATE PRICES

OPEN ALL NIGHT PHONE MAIN 3302 Rooms by the Day, Week or Month.
Transient Trade Solicited. Free Baths.

UNION HOTEL

H. L. Levitch & Son, Props. 148 Rooms, New Building, Steam Heat, Newly Furnished—Beds 25c and up, Rooms 35c and up.

414 Front Ave., near Washington Street SPOKANE, WASH.

New Building-Newly Furnished-Absolutely First Class-One Block from Great Northern Depot-Centrally Located.

Como Annex

317 FRONT AVENUE, BPOKANE, WASH. Ben Thompson, Proprietor

Phone Main 6720. Rates Reasonable. Phone in every room. 150 rooms. Every convenience of a modern

QUICK SERVICE HOME COOKING

JIM'S PLACE

Spokane, Wash 211 Howard St.

ARE THEY GETTING WISE? A declaration against its members becoming enlisted men in the national guard was made by the National Brotherhood of Operative Potters of the United States and Canada at its convention in Atlantic City. A similar resolu-tion was offered at last year's convention and defeated. It passed unanimously this time.

HARVEST NOTICE.

All Locals that know of men going to the harvest fields in the vicinity of Spokane, such as Palouse, Big Bend, etc., should instruct such members to call at I. W. W. Hall, 616 Front avenue. , All members in the barvest should correspond with the editor of The Industrial Worker, giving exact details of con-

ditions. HARVEST COMMITTEE, Spokane, Wash.